

Educación General Básica - Subnivel Superior


MINISTERIO DE EDUCACIȮN


## $\square \square \square \square$ <br> Educación General Básica - Subnivel Superior


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## English A1.1, Student's Book

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Promovemos la conciencia ambiental en la comunidad educativa. Hemos impreso el 8\% de ejemplares con certificado de responsabilidad ambiental.

[^0]The beginning of a new school year always gives us hope. All the children and adolescents get prepared, not only to study and learn, but also to meet their classmates. Sometimes we come across new faces in class, and that is a good sign, because we see that other students are joining our institution. This also means that it is a good opportunity to interact with people other than those we already knew and thus make new friends.

We know that the school is a good place to grow and share many positive things, and from time to time also to face problems. Being supportive and supporting those who need help is an advice we should follow at home, at school and in the community.

The new school year opens as an experience that challenges us and at the same time gratifies us. We are part of the educational community, teachers, parents, legal representatives and relatives. We are all responsible for accompanying them in the improvement of their education, in improving the quality of their knowledge and in the experience of studying and learning to grow as better human beings and citizens.

A new school year means a job dedicated to expanding positive relationships, which we call respect. No one can be left out of this everyday practice at school and in the community. This value of life is radically opposed to contempt and expulsion. If we want a fair education, in which we can all participate, Respect for others means accepting their own ways of being, their individual, social, physical and cultural characteristics; their way of thinking and appreciating the world; their customs and traditions; their skills and abilities. This is the best proposal that the Ministry of Education can make at the beginning of the new school year.

Respect for others means respect for each and every one of us. Respect does not accept any aggression, be it physical, psychological or sexual. It implies recognizing ourselves in the people around us. Teachers, students and partners, we are all human beings who have the same rights. That means the right to have our own point of view, the right to change our minds, to make mistakes, the right to create a world of our own in which to live.

This 2018 - year of respect - is inspired by the principles of zero tolerance to abuse and violence, to any type of discrimination. We promote gender equality (equality between men and women), social justice, solidarity, a culture of peace, coexistence between different cultures and traditions, and the care of the environment. All these are values that we must spread and live fully every day in the educational community.

This is a year to defend the rights of students with a lot of determination and commitment. Our program "More united, more protected" was created to prevent violence within the educational system. We see education as an integrated whole; we work to improve our environment with important curricular innovations such as the methodology of the land of children and young people of good living. The incorporation of ancestral knowledge to education, the development of the arts, good reading manners and an ambitious digital agenda are part of our proposal at the beginning of the new school year.

This is the integral action that we now promote, in which children and adolescents participate as a decisive force within the educational community. Let's continue walking with good step and with respect in this 2018.

## UNIT

- Personal Information


## CLIL

You will learn how to

- greet formally and informally.
- ask and answer personal information questions.
- introduce someone.
- Simple Present tense with the verb To Be


## Vocabulary:

- associating vocabulary with pictures to get the meaning of words
- identifying similar words in English and Spanish to learn more vocabulary
Reading: going back to the text to look for specific information Listening: focusing on specific information to get the right answers
Speaking: following models to make presentations

A Slide Show Presentation

## UNIT <br> 2

## 3 mm $20 \%$

- Family Members
- Physical Appearance
- Parts of the Body

You will learn how to

- describe people's physical appearance.
- ask and answer questions about physical description.
- Simple Present tense with the verb To Be
- Possessive Adjectives

Reading: underlining to identify specific information
Writing: using and to connect similar ideas

## Listening:

- getting familiar with the new words before listening to the audio
- looking at the pictures to predict information
Speaking: practicing questions and answers to improve oral skills

- Types of Movies
- Cultural Events
- Famous Festivals

You will learn how to

- ask and answer questions about schedules.
- ask for and give dates.
- ask for and give the time.
- Prepositions ofTime
- Wh-questions (what time/ when)

Vocabulary: associating words with sounds to remember vocabulary
Reading: using images and key words to remember what you read in the new language
Writing: using mind maps to organize information before you write
Listening: focusing on specific information: genre, day and hour Speaking: using "Really?" to show interest in a conversation

UNIT


- Street Life
- Clothes
- Famous Neighborhoods

You will learn how to

- express what people are doing at the moment of speaking.
- describe what people are wearing.
- Present Progressive tense
- Demonstrative Pronouns

Vocabulary: looking at the ending of words to identify if they are singular or plural
Grammar: writing the color before the noun you are describing
Reading: paying attention to the categories to classify the information
Writing: using so to talk about the result or consequence of an action
Listening: creating mental images to identify activities Speaking: using pictures to make descriptions

## A Collage



UNIT


- Places in the City
- Tourist Places
- City Maps

You will learn how to

- identify places in the city.
- ask for and give information about location.
- give and follow instructions to get to a place.
- There is - There are
- Prepositions of Place
- Imperatives

Vocabulary: using your
knowledge to associate professions and places
Reading: paying attention to the words before or after to infer the meaning of unfamiliar words
Writing: using but to contrast ideas
Speaking: using new language in authentic situations

A Tourist Brochure

- Routines
- Lifestyles
- Famous People

You will learn how to

- talk about routines and lifestyles.
- Simple Present tense


## Vocabulary:

- associating new language with familiar words to remember vocabulary
- analyzing the parts of words to guess their meaning
Reading: identifying context clues to organize a text Writing: using First, Then, After and Finally to connect and give order to your ideas
Speaking: using What about
you? to ask about people's activities

An Interview


1．Listen and practice．


2．Read and do．
a．Circle the word．
b．Underline the word．
c．Match the words with the pictures．

1．teacher


2．student

d．Write your name：
e．Complete．
E＿G＿IS
f．Check．
$\square$ I am a teacher．$\quad \square$ I am a student．


## 3．Listen to the alphabet and

 repeat．abca e Al 9 解
 ロars ロun

| ero | $\begin{gathered} 1 \\ \text { one } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 2 \\ \text { two } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 3 \\ \text { three } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 4 \\ \text { four } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 5 \\ \text { five } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 6 \\ \text { six } \end{gathered}$ | 7 seven |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 8 eight | $\begin{gathered} 9 \\ \text { nine } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 10 \\ \text { ten } \end{gathered}$ | 11 eleven | 12 twelve | $13$ <br> thirteen | $14$ <br> fourteen | $\begin{gathered} 15 \\ \text { fifteen } \end{gathered}$ |
| $16$ <br> sixteen | $17$ <br> seventeen | $18$ eighteen | $19$ <br> nineteen | $20$ twenty | $21$ <br> twenty-one | $30$ <br> thirty | $\begin{gathered} 40 \\ \text { forty } \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 50 \\ \text { fifty } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 60 \\ \text { sixty } \end{gathered}$ | 70 seventy | $\begin{gathered} 80 \\ \text { eighty } \end{gathered}$ | 90 ninety | $\begin{gathered} 91 \\ \text { ninety-one } \end{gathered}$ | 100 one hundred | 101 one hundred one |

## 6. Add and write the result.


 women. boys. girls.




Plural men

Singular Plural<br>woman women

7. Count and write the numbers.

a. How many boys? girls?

b. How many men? women?
8. Listen and complete the conversation. Use the Word Bank.

9. Use the numbers to complete the words.

| $1=\mathrm{a}$ | $2=\mathrm{b}$ | $3=\mathrm{c}$ | $4=\mathrm{d}$ | $5=\mathrm{e}$ | $6=\mathrm{f}$ | $7=\mathrm{g}$ | $8=\mathrm{h}$ | $9=\mathrm{i}$ | $10=\mathrm{j}$ | $11=\mathrm{k}$ | $12=\mathrm{l}$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| $14=\mathrm{n}$ | $15=0$ | $16=\mathrm{p}$ | $17=\mathrm{q}$ | $18=\mathrm{r}$ | $19=\mathrm{s}$ | $20=\mathrm{t}$ | $21=\mathrm{u}$ | $22=\mathrm{v}$ | $23=\mathrm{w}$ | $24=\mathrm{x}$ | $25=\mathrm{y}$ |


10. Practice the vocabulary. Use the expressions in exercise 8.



## Lesson 1

Meeting New People

## 1. Listen and read.



4．Go back to exercise 1．Complete the charts with am，are and is．

| Reflect on Grammar <br> Use the verb to be to give personal information． |  |  | Useful Expressions <br> What is your name？ <br> What $\square$ your phone number？ <br> Where are you from？ | Pronumciation Contractions |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Subject <br> Pronoun | Verb to be | Complement |  | What＇s <br> What＇s your name？ |
|  |  | Juan． |  | What＇s your phone |
| 1 |  | 12. |  | number？ |
|  |  | from Argentina． |  | I＇m |
| You | are | from China． | How old you？ | I＇m 12. |
| It |  | 389090624. | How you？ | I＇m from England． |

## 5．Complete the chat with the verb to be and the useful expressions．

| School Chat | ■ロロ |
| :---: | :---: |
| －What＇s up，Megumi？ <br> －How are you？ <br> －I＇m OK．Hey，you are from China，right？ $\qquad$ （a），then？ <br> －Where about？ <br> －Hmm，I see． <br> －I $\qquad$ （e） 14 ． |  |

－It $\qquad$ （h） 345853832 ．And，what＇s yours？
－OK．See you tomorrow in class．


－Hello，Pete！
－Fine，thanks．And you？
－No，I＇m not．
－I
－I
－I＇m curious．
（d）？
－I $\qquad$ （f） 14, too．Oh． $\qquad$
－Sure，see you around．

## Megumi $\quad$ Send <br> 

$\square$
（b）from Japan．
（c）from Tokyo．
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
nen （g）？
－It $\qquad$ （i） 345358941 ．

日ロ区

0

## Listening Strategy

Focus on specific information to get the right answers．

6．Listen and check $\nabla$ the correct option to complete the sentences．
a．Alison is from $\qquad$ －．
b．Scott is from $\qquad$ ．
c．Alison is $\qquad$ years old．
d．Scott is $\qquad$ years old．
e．Alison＇s phone number is $\qquad$
．$\square 344126459$
$\checkmark$ FranceParis
14
14

The United StatesCalifornia
$\square 344512845$

## Project Stage 1

－Form groups of three people．Give a name to your group．
－Make a directory to contact your friends．E．g．Name：Felipe Moreno．Phone number： 3 689878．E－mail：FM＠net．com
－Create two slides with：a）title（group＇s name），members＇names and school
b）members＇profile

## Lesson 2


3. Listen and check $\mathbb{Z} T$ (true) or F(false). Then, complete the chart with the correct nationality.
a. Justin Bieber is Canadian.
b. Mario Vargas Llosa is Peruvian. $\square$
c. Emma Watson is Spanish.
d. Jet Li is Chinese.
e. Rafael Nadal is French.

| Country | Nationality | Ending |
| :--- | :---: | :--- |
| The United States <br> Chile | American | -an |
| Canada <br> Peru | Canadian | -ian |
| England <br> Spain <br> China | - | -ish |
| Japan | - | -ese |
| Greece <br> France | $=$ | -other |



4. Read the student card. Then, complete with the verb to be and (he /it).


## Pronumciation

## Contractions

## You're

You're Greek. You're English.

She's/He's
He's Greek. She's 12.

Useful Expressions She's from Chile. I'm from Santiago. He's Chilean.

## 5. Complete the dialog. Use subject pronouns and

 the verb to be.Joan: Guess! I am...
Pete: Hmm. You are Joan! Joan:Yes, very good.
Pete: Hey, look at this picture!
Joan: Who is this?
Pete: This is Marco Vianchi. $\qquad$ (a) from Italy.

Joan: Oh, look! This is Marcie. $\qquad$ (b) 12 years old!

She is very young.
Pete: Yeah.
(c) French. $\qquad$
$\qquad$ (d) from Paris.

Joan: Paris?
Pete:Yeah!
(e) the capital of France!

Joan: Oh, Paris. Yes, of course. And who's...

## Project Stage 2

## - Choose a topic. E.g. Music - Literature - Sports - Science - Movies

- Look for three famous people. E.g. Sports (Rafael Nadal, Cristiano Ronaldo, Iker Casillas)
- Look for their personal information.

1. Match the words with the pictures.
a. actress
b. soccer player
c. computer scientist

2. Guess the nationality of these famous people. Then, read the text and confirm you answers.

- Lionel Messi is
- MarkZuckerberg is
- EmmaWatson is $\qquad$
VIP: Very Important Person

3. Read the profiles. Then, match the text with the corresponding picture.

a. This is Mark Zuckerberg, the creator of Facebook. He is a computer scientist.

He is from New York and is 28 years old. He is creative.

Find more information at www.facebook.com/ markzuckerberg.

b. This is Lionel Messi. He is a soccer player.

He is Argentinian. He is from Rosario and is 25 years old. He is athletic.
Find more information at www.leomessi.com.org.

c. This is Emma Watson. She is an actress.

She is French. She is from Paris and is 23 years old. She is sociable.

Find more information at www.emmawatson.com.


Useful Expressions
He is a soccer player. (a + consonant sound) She is an actress. (an + vowel sound)
4. Read the statements and circle the mistakes. Then, correct them.
a. Emma Watson is an actress. She is

American.
She is French. / She is from France.
b. Emma is an actress. She is 28 years old.
c. Mark Zuckerberg is the creator of Facebook. He is from Argentina.
5. Identify the rules for capitalization. Use the information in the box.
d. Mark is a computer scientist. He is sociable.
e. Lionel Messi is from Paris. He is a soccer player.
f. Lionel is athletic. He is 23 years old.

Reading Strategy Go back to the text to look for specific information.
$\qquad$


Name and last name
The pronoun I
Countries, cities and nationalities
At the beginning of a sentence Abbreviations / Acronyms
6. Read the ID card and write the profile.


## Use capital letters in the following cases:

Name and last name
b. Get in touch with a VIP
c. Mark is American. He is from New York. It's a city in The United States.

d. Emma Watson is 26 and I'm 11.
e. This is Emma. She is sociable.

This is
(Name-Surname)

(City of Origin)
(Nationality)

## Project Stage 3

- Create three profiles with the information of stage 2 on a piece of paper.
- Check spelling and capitalization.
- Type three slides with the profiles.


## Lesson 4

The World We Live In

1. Look at the world map. Write the continents in the correct place. Use the Word Bank.


## Word Bank

- South America
- North America
- Australia
- Antarctica
- Europe
- Asia
- Africa

Vocabulary Strategy Identify similar words in English and Spanish to learn more vocabulary.
2. Complete the following sentences. Use nationalities and the words from exercise 1.
Continent
a. Holland is in $\qquad$
Europe —.

| Nationality |
| :---: |
| Dutch | people are European.

b. China is in $\qquad$ —.
c. Greece is in $\qquad$ _. kids are Asian.
$\qquad$ children are European.
3. Listen and complete the conversations with the expressions on the right.
a. Salesman: It's 10 dollars.

Boy:Thanks. with Annie. Here's 5 dollars.
Girl: And here's 5 .
b. Teacher: This is the answer to the exercise.

Boy: I am confused. It's very difficult.
c. Boy: Mary is not 10 years old. She's 12.

Girl: That information is false.
4. Read the expressions and circle the correct meaning.
$\qquad$ -.
a. Go Dutch: To pay the total / 50-50.
b. It's all Greek to me: It's confusing / easy.
c. It's a Chinese whisper: It's a rumor / testimony.

## Reflect on Values

■ I use formal greetings with adults.
■ I value cultural diversity.
$\square$ I'm collaborative in group work.

## Share Your Project

## 1. Discuss your experience.

Check $\nabla$ the face to complete the sentence.
Ifeel


## 2. Listen and read.

## An Excellent Presentation

Follow these five indications for an excellent presentation:

1. Get information: Find information in different web pages, magazines and books.
2. Classify the information: Select the information you need for your profile: name, age, nationality and place of birth.
3. Make visual aids: Use a computer and make slides with pictures and clear texts.

Include the bibliography or references.
4. Prepare: Practice your presentation at home and with your friends.
5. Relax: Be calm.

## Give your Presentation

Say hello to the audience.

- Introduce the members of the group.
- Present your personal profiles.
- Present the famous people's profiles.
- Present the bibliography.
- Say thank you to your audience. in this project.


## Comic



## Quii Time



1. Listen to the questions and check the correct answer.
a.I'm 12 years old.I'm fine, thanks.
b.I'm fine, thanks.I'm 11 years old.
c.I'm Peter Smith.I'm from Portugal.
d. $\qquad$ Mark $\square I t ' s$ mark@e-pals.com.
2. Match column A with column B.

## Column A

a. Country
b. Age
c. City
d. Continent
e. Nationality
3. Check the correct option to complete the sentences.
a. This is Mary. She $\qquad$ American.

1. is $\qquad$
2. are $\qquad$ 3. $a m \square$
b. $\mathrm{Hi}, \mathrm{I}$ $\qquad$ Japanese.
3. is $\qquad$ 2. are $\qquad$ 3. am $\qquad$
c. Hello, you $\qquad$ Susan, right?
4. is $\square$
5. are $\square$ 3. am $\square$
d. This is Thomas. $\qquad$ is from Amsterdam.
6. She $\qquad$ 2. It $\qquad$ 3. $\mathrm{He} \square$
e. I'm from Lima. $\qquad$ is the capital of Peru.
7. She $\qquad$ 2. It $\qquad$ 3. $\mathrm{He} \square$
f. Where $\qquad$ you from?
8. is $\square$
9. are $\square$
10. $\mathrm{am} \square$
g. What $\qquad$ your name?
11. is2. are $\square$
12. $\mathrm{am} \square$

## Self-Evaluation

## Now I can...

■ ask and answer personal information questions.
$\square$ say countries and nationalities.
■ introduce myself and other people.
4. Read the profiles. Then, circle and correct the mistakes in the sentences ( $\mathrm{a}-\mathrm{f}$ ) below.

```
File Edit View Window Help
```



This is Larry Page, the creator of Google. He is a computer scientist. He is from Michigan in the USA. He is 43 years old. He is creative.


This is Cristiano Ronaldo. He is a soccer player. He is 31 years old. He is from Madeira. It is a Portuguese island. He is athletic.


This is Martina Garcia. She is an actress. She is 34 years old. She is Colombian. She is from Bogota. She is sociable.
a. Larry Page is a computer scientist. He is Portuguese.
b. Cristiano Ronaldo is Brazilian. He is a soccer player.
c. Martina Garcia is Colombian. She is athletic.
d. Larry Page is sociable. He is a computer scientist.
e. Cristiano Ronaldo is 24 years old. He is athletic.
f. Martina Garcia is creative. She is 28 years old.

## Glossary

## A-F

actress: n. a woman who works on TV or movies. (syn. actor) Angelina Jolie is an actress.

age: n . the number that says how old you are. I'm 12 years old. athletic: adj. in good physical condition.
audience: n . people who watch a presentation.

capital: $n$. the principal city of a country. Paris is the capital of France.
capital letter: n . the large form of a letter.
chat: n. informal conversation. (syn. dialog)
classmate: n . the person you study with. (syn. partner)
country: n. a state or nation. I'm from Colombia.
find: v. to discover.
flag: n . a symbol of a country.

form: n . an official document with spaces to write information.

## G-N

host family: the family you live with when you are in another country.
housemate: n . a person who lives
in your house, but is not a member of your family. My house mate is from Egypt.
introduce: v. to present yourself or someone.
look: v. to observe. (syn. see)

meet: v. to talk to a person for the first time.
nationality: $n$. relationship between a person and a country. I'm Mexican. nice: adj. good. (syn. great - ant. bad)
nice to meet you: It's great to meet you.

> O-S
origin: n . the place you come from. I'm from Buenos Aires.
picture: n. photograph or illustration.

profile: $n$. a short description about a person.
scientist: n . an expert and investigator.
slide: $n$. a presentation with text and pictures.
soccer player: n . a person who plays soccer. Cristiano Ronaldo is a soccer player.

sociable: adj. a person who likes the company of others. (syn. friendly - outgoing)

## T-Z

tower: n . a very tall construction or structure. The Eiffel Tower is French.

traveler: n . a tourist or visitor. wall: n. a strong construction for protection. The Great Wall of China is very old.


## Colloquial Expressions

It's a Chinese whisper: it's a rumor.

It's all Greek to me: it's confusing.

See you around! bye!
To go Dutch: to pay 50 / 50 .
What's up? hello!
Where about? where exactly?


## General Objective

You will be able to describe yourself and others.

## Communication Goals

You will learn how to

- describe people's physical appearance.
- ask and answer questions about physical description.

CLIL

- Family Members
- Physical Appearance
- Parts of the Body

Vocabulary

- Words related to family members and the human body
Grammar
- Simple Present tense with the verb to be
- Possessive adjectives

Idioms and Colloquial Expressions

- Keep an eye on
- I'm all ears
- Over there
- I'm up to my neck
-What does he/she look like?


## $>$ Project

A Family Scrapbook
You will create a family scrapbook with pictures and descriptions of your family members.

## Discuss:

- Identify the family members in the pictures.


## Lesson 1

This Is NII Fanily

1. Use the box of letters to complete the adjectives.

## Family Members

1. Mom
2. Dad
3. Sister
4. Brother
5. Aunt
6. Uncle
7. Grandma
8. Grandpa
a.

f.

$a=1$
$c=2$
$d=3$
$e=4$
$g=5$
$h=6$
i $=7$
$1=8$
$\mathrm{n}=9$
$0=10$
$r=11$
$\mathrm{s}=12$
$t=13$
$u=14$
$y=15$

9. Listen and complete with the adjectives in exercise 1.

Mike: Look! My mom is over there.
Mike: No, she isn't. She is

Loren: Your mom? Is she $\qquad$ tall ?
(a) Loren: Oh, I see. She is $\qquad$ (c).

Loren: Hmm, what does he look like?
Loren: Ah... OK. So, the $\qquad$ (g) man is your uncle, right?
Loren: Are they your siblings?
Loren: They are $\qquad$ (i), but you're $\qquad$ (j)!
(k). Loren: It's OK. You're a nice family.

Mike: Well, I am really
Mike: Yes, and we are a big family.
Key Expressions
Over there $:$ in that place
3. Go back to the conversation and check $\sqrt{ } /$ Yes or No. Then, complete the grammar chart.

## Key Expressions

What does he look like? What's his physical description?

| Reflect on Grammar |
| :--- |
| Plural Subject Pronouns + Verb to be |
| You are Short form <br>  You're short. <br> We are a big family. <br> They are tall. |

Reflect on Grammar
Use the verb to be to describe people.

| Yes/No Questions | Affirmative Answers | Negative Answers |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Are you tall? | Yes, I am. | No, I am not. I'm short. |
| Is $\left\{\begin{array}{l}\text { she tall? } \\ \text { he young? } \\ \text { it old? }\end{array}\right.$ | Yes, $\left\{\begin{array}{l}\text { she } \\ \text { he is. } \\ \text { it } \\ \text { it } \\ \text { is. }\end{array}\right.$ | No, $\left\{\begin{array}{l}\text { she isn't. } \\ \text { he isn't. } \\ \text { it isn't. }\end{array}\right.$ |
| Are $\left\{\begin{array}{l}\text { we tall? } \\ \text { they young? }\end{array}\right.$ | Yes, $\left\{\begin{array}{l}\text { we are. } \\ \text { they are. }\end{array}\right.$ | No, $\left\{\begin{array}{l}\text { we aren't. } \\ \text { they aren't. }\end{array}\right.$ |

Yes/No questions have a rising intonation.
$\qquad$
Is she short?
Is she thin?
Is he athletic?
Are they your siblings?

## 4. Complete the sentences with the verb to be and we, you, they.


5. Read the information about the three people. Then, organize the questions and answer them.


| Name | Age | Weight | Height |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Tim | 16 | 65 kg | 1.7 meters |
| Eddie | 25 | 110 kg | 1.9 meters |
| Claire | 70 | 75 kg | 1.5 meters |

## 

a. Tim / chubby / is? $\qquad$ Is Tim chubby?
No, he isn't. He is athletic
b. Claire/ is / tall? $\qquad$
c. Eddie /thin/ is? $\qquad$
d. old / are / Eddie and Tim? $\qquad$

## Project Stage 1

- Choose the materials for your scrapbook (cardboard, colored paper, etc.) and determine the number of pages.
- Get pictures of your family members.
- Assign each picture one page.

```
Lesson 2
```



1. Complete the sentences with the correct color.


Her hair is long and blond


Her hair is straight and (b).


He is bald.


Her hair is wavy and (c).

short


His hair is
short and
(a).
 curly and
$\qquad$ (d).

2. Listen to the descriptions. Write the name in the corresponding box.


| Reflect on Gramm <br> Possessive Adjectives <br> Use possessive adjectives to express possession. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | Singular |  |  |  |  | Plural |  |  |
| Subject Pronouns | 1 | You | He | She | It | We | You | They |
| Possessive Adjectives | My | Your | His | Her | Its | Our | Your | Their |
| Her hair is long and blond. |  |  | His hair is short and black. |  |  |  |  |  |

Grammar and Vocabulary
Pronunciation
Listen and repeat.

| $/ \theta /$ | $/$ / $/$ |
| :---: | :---: |
| thin | they |
| mouth | their |
| teeth | this |



I live with my Uncle Pete and my siblings.
My Uncle Pete is thin. His hair is short,
(a) and brown.
(b) eyes are big and black.
(c) nose is big. He is handsome.
My Sister Sandy is tall. Her hair is long,
(d) and blond.
(e) eyes are small and green.
(f) nose is big. She is pretty.

Emily and Emma are short.
(g) hair is long,
(h) and
black.
(i) eyes are small and green.
(j) noses are big.
5. Work with a partner. Choose a person from the picture. Then, guess your partner's person by asking questions.


1. Look at the family groups and write the members for each family. Then, listen and
check.
a. I live with my
$\qquad$
b. I live with my

2. Read and underline the body parts in blue and the adjectives in red.


I am Karen. I am 38 years old. I live with my daughter, my son and my brother. We are similar and different at the same time. I am tall and thin. My hair is long, wavy and red. My eyes are big and green. My daughter is Mary. She is short. Her hair is short, straight and red. Her eyes are big and blue. Josh is my son. He is tall and athletic. His hair is curly and black. His eyes are small and brown. His nose is big. My brother is Ted. He is tall. His hair is curly and brown. His eyes are big and black. His nose is big.
3. Go back to the text and locate the underlined words in the diagram. Follow the pattern red + blue.

4. Read the sentences. Then, connect them with and.

a. I'm short. I'm thin. I'm short and thin
b. My hair is long. My hair is red.
c. Her eyes are big. Her eyes are blue. $\qquad$
d. He is tall. He is chubby.
e. His hair is curly. His hair is black.

## 5. Draw and describe a member of your family.

I live with my ...
(family members)
This is my... (person you draw)
$\qquad$ (physical appearance)

## Project Stage 3

- Take your descriptions of the previous stage. Connect ideas with and.
E.g. My brother is tall and thin.
- Revise your descriptions. Check spelling and grammar. Write them down next to the pictures.
- Create an original cover for your scrapbook.


## Lesson 4 Keep An Eye On

1. Draw a line to match the expressions with the correct part of the face.
a. Keep an eye on
b. I'm all ears
c. I'm up to my neck
2. Listen and complete with the expressions in exercise 1.
a. - Mike is in Europe. You know the reasons, right? - No, tell me. $\qquad$
b. - Annie, I need to go to the supermarket. Please
your brother.

- OK, Mom. No problem.
c. - Are you busy?
-Yes. $\qquad$
with homework.
Look! Math, science, geography.


3. Match the expressions with the correct meaning.
a. I'm up to my neck
b. I'm all ears
c. I keep an eye on
$\square$ I pay attention toI'm very busy
4. Complete the sentences and share with a partner.
a. I keep an eye on (a person/an object)
b. I'm up to my neck with (subject)

## Reflect on Values

Always
$\square$ I respect people's appearance.
I value my family.


## 1. Discuss your experience.

Check $\square /$ what you like about the project.

The cover $\qquad$


The decoration $\qquad$ The photos $\square$


The descriptions $\square$

## 2. Listen and organize the text. Write numbers from 1 - 5 .

## A Scrapbook

It is an album with pictures and information about important people for you. Follow the five steps below to create your scrapbook.Use your imagination. Create a nice cover and decorate all the pages.Practice your presentation. Prepare the presentation of your family scrapbook at home.Organize the information. Put the pictures next to the descriptions and present a neat album.Get the necessary materials. You need photos, paper, scissors, glue and markers.Edit your writing. Correct your descriptions with your teacher or partners.

Give your Presentation

- Say hello to the audience.
- Show your scrapbook.
- Name all the members of your family.
- Describe each member of your family.
- Say thank you to the audience.


## Useful Expressions

Hi / Hello / Good morning / Good afternoon.
This is my family scrapbook.
I live with my mother, my sister...
This is my uncle (name of the person). He is thin. His eyes are big and brown. Thanks for your attention.

- Play with a partner. You need dice and a counter.
- Throw the dice and go to the square indicated.
- Use the colors to identify the instruction.
- The winner is the person with the most points.

| $\begin{array}{l}\text { Say the opposite }\end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{l}\text { Connect with "and" } \\ \text { (5 points) }\end{array}$ | (20 points) |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |

(10 points)


## Quiz Time

1. Read the information below. Then, circle the correct word to complete the sentences.
a. Peter weighs 70 kilograms and his sister weighs 40.
b. My brother is 5 years old and my grandpa is 70 .
c. My dad is 1.8 meters tall and my mom is 1.5 .
d. Kate's uncle is attractive.

2. Choose the correct option to complete the dialog. Use the Word Bank.

Bertha: What's the problem? Tim: I'm lost. My family is not here.

Bertha: What does your mom look like?

Bertha: OK. Is she chubby?

Bertha: And your father? What does he look like?

Bertha: Mmm. Is he tall?

Bertha: OK, and your siblings? What do they look like?

Bertha: Oh yes, they are over there!

Tim: $\qquad$
(1)
Tim: $\qquad$ (2) She is thin and short.
Tim: $\qquad$

Tim: $\qquad$ (4) He is short and chubby.
Tim: $\qquad$ (5) Their hair is long, wavy and blond.

## Word Bank

a. They are athletic.
b. No, she isn't.
c. Her hair is long, straight and black.
d. No, he isn't.
e. His hair is short, curly and black.

## 3. Who is Tom? Listen to the description and check $\square$ the correct picture.


a. $\qquad$

b. $\qquad$

c. $\qquad$

## Self-Evaluation

## Now I can...

- talk about my family members.
- describe myself and other people.

■ ask and answer questions about physical description.


## A-G

adjective: adj. specific characteristic or quality of a person or object. Red ball.
athletic: adj. strong, active in sports. (ant. out of shape)

appearance: n . physical look of a person. (syn. look)
assign: v. to give a particular place.
Assign each picture one page.
aunt: n . the sister of one's father or mother.
bald: adj. a person with no or very little hair.
blond: adj. yellow or light brown color.
brother: n . a sibling.
chubby: adj. an overweight person.
(ant. thin)
curly: adj. with curls or spiral-like hair.
dad: n. father.
daughter: n . one's female child.
decide: v. to select an option. (syn. choose)
family: n . the group of people we love and live with. My family is my mom, my dad, my two sisters, my brother, my aunts, my uncles and my grandparents.
get: v. to obtain.
get familiar with: v. to know about or understand something well.
go back: v. to return. (ant. advance)
grandma: n . the mother of one's mother or father. (syn. grandmother) My grandma is 60 years old.
grandpa: $n$. the father of one's mother or father. (syn. grandfather) grandparents: n. one's grandmother and grandfather.

## H-R

handsome: n . an attractive man. (ant. ugly)
height: n . the number that says how tall you are.

homework: n . school activities you complete outside the school.
live with: $v$. to share a house / apartment. I live with my dad and my mom.
long: adj. lengthy.
mom: n. mother.
opposite: n. contrary. Tall is the opposite of short.
pattern: n. a model to follow. The pattern to form a yes / no question is: verb to be + pronoun + adjective
people: n. a group of human beings. (sing. person). 1 person or 2 people.
predict: v. to guess something in advance of its happening.
pretty: n. attractive, usually for women. (ant. ugly)
reading: n . a story or text to read. This reading is very nice.
revise: v. to check and correct.


## S-Z

short: adj. a person with little height. (ant. tall)
sibling: n . one's brother or sister. similar: adj. the opposite of different.
son: n . one's male child.
supermarket: n. a place to buy different products.
supplies: n . materials to make or construct something. The supplies for my album are markers, pencils and cardboard.
straight: adj. with no curves. (ant. curly)
uncle: $n$. the brother of one's mother or father.
Venn diagram: $n$. a graph that represents logical relations by using circles.

weight: $n$. the mass of a person or thing.

weigh: v. to have a particular weight. She weighs 45 kilograms. young: adj. a person in an early stage of life. (ant. old)

## Colloquial Expressions

I'm all ears: to listen carefully.
I'm up to my neck: to be very busy.

Keep an eye on: to pay attention.

Over there: in that place.
What does he/she look
like? What's his/her physical description?




| גəMsu甘 |  | 7．How are you？ |  |  |  | ＋ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |



## Lesson 1

## What's on at the Cinema?

## 1. Listen to the soundtracks and enumerate the posters.

2. Practice the time. Answer the questions.

What time is it?

$12: 30$
It's eight o'clock.

It's half past
twelve.

## 3. Listen and practice.

Brian: Hi, Megan. I'm at the Cine Club.
Brian: The Wolf.
Brian: No. It's a horror movie.
Brian: Hmm, what's your favorite kind of movies?
Brian: Oh, no. Madagascar is on the weekend.
Brian: Batman, The Dark Knight is on Friday. Brian: It's at half past seven.
Brian: Well, yeah. See you at six o'clock on Friday, then.

What time is ...
a. the action movie?

It's at half past seven
b. the horror movie?
$\qquad$
c. the sci-fi movie?
d. the animated movie?


What's on?: What movies?
No way: impossible
Megan: Hello, Brian. What's on?
Megan: Is it an animated movie?
Megan: Horror! No way!
Megan: Well, animated and action. Megan: When is the action movie? Megan: Cool! What time is the movie? Megan: Perfect! Is it OK with you? Megan: Sure, see you. Bye.

4. Look at the schedule and write the questions and answers.


Use capital letters for the days of the week. Monday - Tuesday


## Cine Club Schedule

| Time | Weekdays |  |  | Weekend |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Monday | Wednesday | Friday | Saturday | Sunday |
| 3:00 PM |  | Toy Story |  | Pirates of the Caribbean |  |
| 4:30 PM | Shrek |  | Transformers |  | Pirates of the Caribbean |
| 5:30 PM |  | Dracula |  | Frankenstein |  |

a. What time is Toy Story?

It's at 3:00 PM / three o'clock
b. When is Pirates of the Caribbean?
c. What time is Dracula?
d. $\qquad$ ?

It's at 4:30 PM on Friday.
e. $\qquad$ ?

It's on Monday.
f. $\qquad$ $?$

It's at 5:30 PM on the weekend.

## 5. Listen to the radio program and complete the chart.

| Name of the movie | Genre | Day | Hour |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| a. Jupiter Travelers |  |  | 4:00 PM | Listening Strategy |
| b. Super Cars | action |  |  | Focus on specific information: genre, day |
| c. The Wolf |  | Sunday |  | , |

- Ask your classmates about their favorite kinds of movies.
- Form groups of 3 people based on the genre.
- Look for real flyers to get familiar with the project.


## Lesson 2

Cultural Events

1. Write the months in the corresponding place. Use the Word Bank.


Amy: Really? This is October. It's this weekend!
Ben: Let's go to the movies.
Tom: What about a play? I have four invitations for the Theater Festival.

Amy: Mary is fond of theater. What time is the play?
Tom: It's in the afternoon, at three o'clock.
Ben: That's good! And in the morning we go to the $\square$
Useful Expressions
In the morning / afternoon / evening.
At noon / night / midnight. movies, right?

Amy: When is Mary's birthday? Is it on November 7th?
Ben: Hmm, I think it's in October.
Tom: You're right. It's on October 12th.
3. Check $\square$ the correct answer based on the text.

| a. Mary's birthday is on... | $\square$ November 7th. | $\square$ October 12th. |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| b. The play is in... | $\square$ October. | $\square$ November. |
| c. The play is in... | $\square$ the morning. | $\square$ the afternoon. |

4. Go back to the conversation and complete the chart with in, $a t$, or on.

## Reflect on Grammar

Prepositions of Time 2
$\square$

| Reflect on Grammar |  |
| :--- | :--- |
| Prepositions of Time 2 |  |
| When is the event? | Conclusion |
| It's | October. |
| It's | September 7th / weekends. |
| It's in | the morning / afternoon / evening. |
| It's | noon / 3:00 PM / night. |

5. Look at the flyers. Then, complete the sentences with the correct preposition of time.

What's on in the City?

Grammar and Vocabulary
Pronumciation

1. Listen and repeat.

| $\|\theta\|$ | $/ \delta /$ |
| :---: | :---: |
| three | the |

2. Listen and check $\sqrt{ }$ the sound.

|  | this | \| $\theta$ / | /ð1 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |
|  | birthday |  |  |
| $(\%))^{\text {that }} \begin{aligned} & \text { third }\end{aligned}$ |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |

$\qquad$ 2:30 PM.

a. The reading festival is $\qquad$ February 1st. It's $\qquad$ the afternoon
b. The Jazz festival is $\qquad$ April. It's $\qquad$ the morning $\qquad$ 10:00 AM.
c. The art exhibition is $\qquad$ July. It's $\qquad$ July 20th $\qquad$ noon.
d. The dance festival is $\qquad$ December. It's on Christmas $\qquad$ night.
6. Use the flyers in exercise 5 to ask a partner about the events.


[^1]
## 1. Check $\square$ the festivals you are familiar with.

| Rock in Rio Festival In August and September | Cannes Film Festival In May |
| :---: | :---: |
| Rock al Parque Festival In July | Sundance Film Festival In January |
|  |  |

2. Read the magazine article and write the name of the festival under the correct picture.

Art festivals are special occasions for fans of culture and arts. In art festivals, people see actors, singers and dancers at a specific time of the year. In South America, for example, three important cultural fests exist. The first one is the World Tango Festival in Argentina. The second one is the Viña del Mar International Song Festival in Chile. And the third one is the Ibero-American Theater Festival in Colombia.


In March or April, theater fans celebrate the IberoAmerican Theater Festival in Bogota, the capital of Colombia. They go to different events in the morning, in the afternoon and at night. They get in touch with actors from all the continents of the world: North \& South America, Asia, Europe, Africa and Australia.
The actors prepare different activities to celebrate this international event. For example, they perform plays in theaters and streets. They participate in parades and dances. They wear make-up, colorful wigs and costumes to celebrate this magic fest.

3. Go back to the text and check $\mathbb{Z} \mathrm{T}$ (true), F (false) or NI (no information).

|  | T | F | NI |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| a. Art festivals are special celebrations. | $\checkmark$ |  |  |
| b. Food festivals are famous in South America. |  |  |  |
| c. The World Tango Festival is famous in Chile. |  |  |  |
| d. The Ibero-American Theater Festival is a Colombian celebration. |  |  |  |
| e. The theater fans prepare different activities. |  |  |  |
| f. The actors of the Ibero-American Theater Festival are tall and athletic. |  |  |  |
| g. The actors perform activities in the streets. |  |  |  |
| Think of a festival in your country and make a mind map. | Writing Strategy <br> Use mind maps to organize information before you write. |  |  |



## City

## Country


4. Think of a festival in your country and make a mind map.

## Writing Strategy

Use mind maps to organize information before you write.

## Lesson

## Are You a Culture Vulture?

1. Listen and complete the conversations with the expressions in the Word Bank.

- the flavor of the month
- a culture vulture


## Word Bank

- the life of the party


2. Read the sentences. Then, replace the ideas in blue with the expressions in the Word Bank.
a. People invite Susan to parties. She is sociable. She is $\qquad$
b. I'm an art lover. I'm $\qquad$
c. Coldplay is famous at the moment. The band is $\qquad$
3. Ask your partners.

| Questions | partner 1 | partner 2 | partner 3 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| a. Who is the life of the party in our classroom? |  |  |  |
| b. Who is a culture vulture in our school? |  |  |  |
| c. Who is the flavor of the month? |  |  |  |

## Reflect on Values

Always Sometimes

| I participate in different cultural |
| :--- |
| events in my free time. |
| lam informed of my city's |
| festivals. |

Student A goes to page 88.
Student B goes to page $9 \mathbf{1}$

## Share Your Project

## 1. Discuss your experience.

Check $\mathbb{\square}$ what you like from the project.


Give your Presentation

- Say hello to the audience.
- Present the name of your event.
- Mention the activities of your event and their date and time.
Say thank you to the audience.

Useful Expressions
Hi / Hello / Good morning / Good afternoon.
We invite you to...(name of the festival).
The (activity) is at / in / on...
For more information go to...
Thanks for your attention.


## QuizTime

1. Look at the posters and complete with at, in, on.

## EXIART EXHIBITION




2 .Use the posters to write the correct questions.
a. $\qquad$ $?$

It's on weekdays.
b. $\qquad$ ?

It's at five o'clock.
c. $\qquad$ ?
It's at half past ten.
d. $\qquad$ ?
It's in November.
3. Listen to four conversations and complete the chart.

| Name | Genre | Day |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Hour |  |
| a. The Wolfman |  | Friday |
|  |  | $:$ |
| b. Transformers |  |  |
|  |  |  |
| c. Toy Story | animated |  |
|  |  |  |
| d. Inception |  |  |

4. Read and complete the information. Use the numbers in parentheses.
a. Halloween is on $\frac{\text { October }}{\text { (month) }} \int_{\text {(date) }}^{(10 / 31) \text {. }}$
b. Christmas Day is on $\qquad$ (12/25).
c. S. Valentine's is on $\quad$ (month) $_{\text {(date) }}^{(2 / 14) \text {. }}$
d. New Year's Eve is on $\qquad$ (12/31)

## Self-Evaluation

Now I can...
tell the time.
ask and answer questions about schedules.
talk about cultural events.

## Glossary

## A-F

advertise: v. to create publicity.
(syn. publicize)
afternoon: n . the time of the day between noon and 6:00 PM.
cinema: $n$. place where people see movies.
club: n . a group of people forming an association.
concert: n. music show.
costume: n . dress and accessories to wear in celebrations.

dance: n . a series of movements that follow a particular kind of music. Tango is the typical dance in Argentina.
dancer: n . the person who participates in a dance.
date: n . a specific day in a month and year. Halloween is on October 31st.
event: n. a special activity. (syn. occasion)
exhibition: $n$. collection of things to show an audience. (syn. exposition)

festival: n . a cultural show in a city or country.
flyer: $n$. piece of paper with information to advertise an event.

## G-P

genre: n. a category or type of movie (action, horror, sci-fi, animated).
heading: n . title of a document.
kind: n. type. (syn. class) What is your favorite kind of movies?
logo: $n$. the symbol of a company or event.
make-up: n. cosmetics.
mind map: n . diagram to organize ideas.
morning: $n$. the time of day between midnight and noon.

movie: $n$. a sequence of images that shows a continuous story. (syn. film)
noon: n .12 o'clock in the middle of the day. 12:00 PM.

o'clock: adv. expression that represents the exact hour as a number. It's three o'clock.
party: n. a fun celebration. My birthday party is in September
play: n . presentation or show in a theater.
parade: n. a public procession.
perform: v. to do something to entertain people.
promote: v. to persuade people to support a product or activity. (syn. sell)

## S-Z

schedule: n. program of events. (syn. agenda)
show: n. presentation.
singer: n. professional vocalist.

soundtrack: n . the music of a movie.
theater: $n$. a building for the presentation of plays and movies
time: n. number that indicates the hour of the day. What time is it? It's 1:00 o'clock.
tool: n. elements you use to do homework with. The computer is a technological tool.
unreal: adj. not real. (syn.
imaginary) Science fiction is unreal. weekdays: n . the five working days of the week (Monday, Tuesday, Wednesday, Thursday and Friday).
weekend: n . the two non-working days of the week (Saturday and Sunday).
wig: n . artificial hair.

## Colloquial Expressions

To be the life of the party: to be happy and sociable.

To be a culture vulture: to be an arts lover.

To be the flavor of the month: to be famous at the moment.

What's on?: What movies or activities?

No way: impossible.



## Lesson 1

What Are You Doing?

1. Find and circle the following actions in the picture of exercise 2.

skate


walk the dog

listen to music

2. Listen and read. Then, identify the characters in the picture.
a. Mary: Hi, Mike. What are you doing?
Mike: Hello! I'm in the park with my parents and Rex. I'm listening to music.

Mary: Are they walking Rex?
Mike: No, they aren't. My mom is talking on the phone and my dad is eating an ice cream.
Mary: And Rex?
Mike: Rex is running.


## Reflect on Grammar

Present Progressive Tense: Use it to talk about actions happening at the moment of speaking.

3. Complete the e-mail with the Present Progressive tense.


To: karen12@ooya.com
Subject: Hello!
Hello, Karen!
I__am writing (write) from my new neighborhood. My friends $\qquad$ (a. do) different activities
today. Steve and Randy $\qquad$ (b. not walk)
the dog as usual. They $\qquad$ (c. skate).

Sally $\qquad$ (d. not talk) on the phone.

She $\qquad$ (e. ride) her bicycle.

And Ben, well, he $\qquad$ (f. play) soccer.

What $\qquad$
$\qquad$ (g. do)?

Fred
4. Listen to the sounds and identify the action.

| a. What is Nick doing? | He is eating. |
| :--- | :--- |
| b. What is Vanessa doing? |  |

b. What is Vanessa doing?
c. What is Robert doing?
d. What is Kathy doing? $\qquad$


Project Stage 1

- Form groups of three and select one of your neighborhoods.
- Get a camera and take pictures of people's activities.
- Describe what the people are doing in the pictures.
E.g. He is listening to music.


## Street Fashion

1. Listen and practice. Then, classify the words into singular


## Word Bank

1. jacket
2. scarf
3. pants
4. T-shirt
5. gloves
6. sneakers
7. shoes
8. skirt
9. sunglasses
10. hat
11. cap
12. slippers
13. sweater
14. jeans
15. boots
16. coat
17. shirt
18. shorts

|  | Singular | Plural |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | a jacket | shorts |
| $a$ |  |  |
|  |  |  |
|  |  |  |
|  |  |  |

2. Look at the pictures and complete the description.


## Street Fashion Magazine

What's he wearing?

He is wearing a long scarf, a blue jacket and a brown shirt. He is wearing blue jeans and white sneakers. Cool combination!

What's she wearing?
$\square$

## 3. Listen and complete the dialog.

Ted: Hi, I'm reporting on the Flea Market. Let's talk about clothes. What is this?
Vendor: These are clothes for special occasions. This is a blue scarf , this is a red
$\qquad$ and these are $\qquad$ (b).

Ted: Is that a new collection?
Vendor: Yeah, those are informal clothes for men.
That is a brown $\qquad$ (c), that's a (e).
$\qquad$

Ted: Are those
(f) for boys or girls?

Vendor: Those are for boys, but I have some for girls, too.
Ted: Thank you. We invite all the TV viewers to visit this Flea Market. Now...

## Reflect on Grammar

Demonstrative Pronouns


4. Complete the descriptions with the correct demonstrative pronouns.


Project Stage 2

[^2]
## Lesson 3 <br> What's the Weather Like?

1. Classify the words in the Word Bank according to the seasons.

2. Read and match the texts with the corresponding pictures.
a. Hello! I'm Karolina Novak from Prague. Today, I'm reporting on my famous neighborhood: Old Town. It's spring, so people are wearing shorts and T-shirts. It's warm, so people are walking, running and talking on their cell phones. Old Town is famous for the Prague Orloj, a very old astronomical clock. It's surprising that it's working at the moment.
b. Hi! My name is Lara and I live in Rio de Janeiro. I'm reporting on my neighborhood, Copacabana. It's summer, so people are wearing sunglasses and caps. The weather is perfect for practicing sports, so people are skating, swimming, surfing and playing volleyball. Copacabana is famous for its beaches and it's also a fantastic place to relax.
c. What's up? I'm Felipe Alvarez from Barcelona. I'm reporting on a cultural neighborhood: El Raval. It's fall and windy, so people are wearing sweaters and scarves. Classes are starting, so students are going to school, listening to music and riding their bikes. Our neighborhood is famous for the MACBA, Museo de Arte Contemporáneo de Barcelona.
d. Good morning, my name is Kenji and I live in Tokyo, Japan. Today I'm reporting on Akihabara Electric Town, my neighborhood. It's winter, so people are wearing coats and gloves. It's very snowy too, so people are doing activities at home. They are playing video games, watching TV and drinking tea. This place is famous for hi-tech buildings.
3. Go back to the text and complete the chart.

| Neighborhood | City | Season/ Weather | Clothes | Activities | Famous place |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| a. Old Town |  |  |  |  |  | Reading <br> Strategy |
| b. c. | Barcelona |  |  | skating, surfing, playing |  | Pay attention to the categories to classify the information. |
| d. |  |  |  |  | hi-tech buildings |  |

4. Read and match the statements.
action
a. It's sunny in my neighborhood,
b. It's snowy in Tokyo,
c. It's windy in Barcelona,
d. It's warm in Old Town,

5. Complete the paragraph about your neighborhood.



## Project Stage 3

- Cut and paste the pictures from stage 2 to make a creative collage.
- Prepare the description of your collage.


## Lesson 4

Are You Working Hand in Glove?

1. Match the expressions in bold with the corresponding picture.
a. work hand in glove
b. take my hat off
c. in fashion


2. 


3.


## 3. Answer the survey and compare with a partner.



## 1. Discuss your experience.

Check $\square$ what you like about the project.


Exploring the neighborhood


Taking pictures


Making the collage

Writing descriptions $\square$
2. Read the steps to make a collage.


## A Collage

It is a creative visual work that includes different kinds of images to talk about a topic. Follow these steps to make a collage about your neighborhood.

1. Take many pictures of people in your neighborhood.
2. Select and classify the pictures into two groups: actions and clothes.
3. Cut the pictures in different shapes. For example, circles, squares, triangles and rectangles.
4. Select the materials for the collage. Use cardboard, color paper, markers, paint, glue, glitter and so on.
5. Paste the pictures.
6. Decorate the collage and write the title My Neighborhood to show it to the class.

Making a collage is an opportunity to show visual information. It helps you to present your ideas in an original way.

## Give your Presentation

- Introduce your group and say hello.
- Show the collage and mention the neighborhood.
- Talk about people's activities.
- Describe the clothes.
- Say thank you to the audience.


## Useful Expressions

Hi / Hello / Good morning / afternoon. We are...
This is our collage.
The neighborhood is... (name).
People are... (activities)
He / She is wearing... (clothes)
Thanks for your attention.

- Take turns playing Blackjack (21) with a partner.
- Write the letters A-L on slips of paper and put them in a bag.
- Take two slips to start playing.
- Add the points and describe the pictures.
- Choose more letters to get 21 points or get closer.
- You win if you get close to 21 and your description is correct.


Ace =
1 or 11 points


Jack, Queen, King = 10 points



## QuizTime

1. Describe the photograph using the Present Progressive tense and the verbs in the Word Bank.


## Word Bank

- skate
- ride
- eat
- walk
- talk
- listen
- wear (x4)

In this picture we are celebrating cultural diversity at school. Patty $\qquad$
$\qquad$ (a) a kimono. Pedro, my best friend, $\qquad$ (b) a Mexican hat. Look at him, he $\qquad$
$\qquad$ (c). The tall girl is Sally. She $\qquad$ (d) to music. She $\qquad$
$\qquad$ (e) a typical French cap or "beret." Santiago is a sports fan, so he $\qquad$ (f) a bicycle. He is Spanish. My teacher
$\qquad$
$\qquad$ (g) a traditional Colombian hat. She $\qquad$
$\qquad$ (h) an ice cream. And me?

Well, I $\qquad$ (i) on the phone.

## 2. Listen and check $\square$ what these people are wearing.

| clothes | Carol | David | Alison |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| green jeans |  | $\checkmark$ |  |
| pink skirt |  |  |  |
| black boots |  |  |  |
| purple coat |  |  |  |
| yellow skirt |  |  |  |
| red cap |  |  |  |

3. Complete the conversation with the correct demonstrative pronoun.

## A-P

beach: $n$. area of sand near an ocean or a sea.

boots: n. what you wear on your feet and cover half your legs.
building: n . structure for living or working.
cap: n. what you wear to protect your head from the sun.
classify: v. to organize according to categories.
clothes: n . articles made of different materials for wearing. (syn. garments)

coat: n. a long jacket to protect your body from the cold.
collage: $n$. a creative visual work that includes different kinds of images.
fall: $n$. season of the year when the leaves fall from the trees. It's windy.
far: adj. distant. (ant. near)
fashion: n. popular style in clothes. flea market: n . a market for old and curious articles.
gloves: n . what you wear to cover your hands.
hat: n. a covering to protect your head from the cold.
jacket: n. what you wear to protect your upper body from cold temperatures.
jeans: n. casual pants made of tough material.
near: adj. close. (ant. far)
neighborhood: $n$. the area where you live. (syn. vicinity)
pants: n. a piece of clothing extending from the waist to the ankles to cover your legs.
place: n. particular region or location. My neighborhood is a nice place.
plural: n . more than one unit. (ant. singular) The plural of jacket is jackets.

$$
\mathrm{R}-\mathrm{Z}
$$

report: v. to give information about an event. (syn. inform)
scarf: n . a long piece of cloth to cover your neck.
season: n . one of the four natural divisions of the year (spring, summer, fall, winter).
shape: $n$. form of an object.

shirt: n. a garment with a collar and long sleeves for your torso.
shoes: $n$. a covering for people's feet.
shorts: n . pants with short legs.
silhouette: n. black image representing a person or thing. singular: adj. one unit. (ant. plural) skirt: n . a piece of cloth for women usually from the waist to the knees. slippers: n . soft shoes to wear at home.
sneakers: n . informal sports shoes. (syn. tennis shoes)
sound: n . what you hear/listen to. spelling: $\boldsymbol{n}$. the correct form of writing words. (syn. orthography) spring: $n$. season of the year when flowers bloom and trees have leaves. It's warm.
street: $n$. a public road in a city. summer: n. season of the year when it's hot. It's very sunny.
sunglasses: n . dark lenses to protect your eyes from the sun.
survey: n . a document with questions.
sweater: n. a garment usually made of wool for the torso.
team: n. people who work in collaboration.
topic: $n$. a subject of conversation. (syn. theme) Geography is my favorite topic.
town: n . a small city. My friends live in the city and I live in a town.
T-shirt: $n$. a collarless piece of cloth with short sleeves.
viewer: n . person who watches a TV program.
wear: v. to put on clothes. I'm wearing jeans today.
way: n. manner. (syn. style)
weather: n . the atmospheric condition (sunny, snowy, windy, rainy).

winter: n . season of the year when it's very cold. It's snowy.

## Colloquial Expressions

In fashion: popular.
Work hand in glove: to work in cooperation.

Take one's hat off: to admire a person.




Guide: Hi! I'm Diego, your tourist guide. Over there is an old statue. It's 200 years old. It's $\qquad$ next to _ the church.
Tourist A: Excuse me, are there any grocery stores around? Guide: Sure, there is one $\qquad$ (a) the restaurant and the tech-shop. Look! It's $\qquad$ (b) the parking lot.
Tourist B: Are there any parks in the city?
Guide: Well, there aren't any parks but there is a botanical garden $\qquad$ (c) Green Street.

Tourist C: Excuse me, Diego. I need some money. Is there a bank near this place?
Guide: No, there isn't a bank near here but there is one in the mall. It's
(d) the post office or
(e) the movie theater.
2. Look at the map and write the correct preposition of place.
a. There is an art gallery across from the gas station.
b. There is a hotel the bank and the museum.
c. There is a mechanic's garage the parking lot.
d. There is a police station
$\qquad$ and Madison Avenue.
e. There is a school
3. Go back to the conversation and complete the chart with is/isn't/are/aren't.

| Reflect on Grammar |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| There is - There are <br> Use there is and there are to express existence. |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |
|  | Affirmative | Interrogative | Negative | Contractions |
| Singular | There ___ a statue. | _ there a bank? | There __a bank. | There's There isn't |
| Plural | There___two airplanes. | ___ there any parks? | There __ any parks. | There aren't |

4. Complete the conversation. Use the correct form there is/isn't - there are/aren't.


- Diego, where are you from?
- Interesting! Is there a zoo in Buenos Aires?
- Awesome! What about castles? (b) any castles in your city?
- Really? What places?
- Oh yes, San Martin. An important leader of South America's independence.

I'm from Buenos Aires.

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \text { Yes, } \\
& \text { zoo, The National Zoo. There are } \\
& \text { many exotic animals to see. } \\
& \text { No, } \\
& \text { castles, but there are other places } \\
& \text { to visit. } \\
& \text { (d) an important } \\
& \text { stadium: the Bombonera, and } \\
& \text { square: San Martin Square. }
\end{aligned}
$$


6. Use the map on page 62 to ask about the location of these places.

```
- movie theater - airport - library
- hotel - drugstore - hospital
- city hall • museum •tech-shop
```

a. There are two important stadiums in Rome.
b. There isn't a botanical garden in Rome.
c. There is a famous castle in London.
d. There is a famous stadium in London.
e. There is a zoo in San Salvador.
f. There aren't any museums for children in San Salvador.
5. Listen and check $\mathbb{Q}$ (True) or F (False).


## Lesson 2

## How Can I Get To...?



Tourist: Excuse me, officer. I'm new in town. How can I get to the stadium?
Officer:Go straight/ walk one block and turn left / turn right (a). Walk on Second Avenue two blocks and turn left /turn right (b). Go straight / Walk one block (c), turn left and go straight / walk one block (d). It's on the corner of Main Street and First Avenue. Tourist: Thanks for your help.

## Reflect on Grammar

Imperatives


Affirmative: Use imperatives to give directions.

Turn left.


Negative: Use imperatives to give warnings.

3. Based on the map of page 64 fill in the blanks with correct directions. The starting point is the police station. Then, listen and check.
a. Pilot: I'm new in town, officer. How can I get to the airport? Police officer: $\qquad$ on Royal Street two blocks. It's across from the school.
Pilot: Thank you very much.
b. Fire fighter: Excuse me, I'm lost. I need to go to the fire station.

Police officer: $\qquad$ one block. $\qquad$ and $\qquad$ three blocks. It's on the corner of Main Street and Second Avenue. Fire fighter: Thanks a lot. I really appreciate it.

Key Expressions I'm new in town: I'm new in this city or place
c. Receptionist: Can you help me please? Where is the new hotel? Police officer: $\qquad$ on Second Avenue one block and $\qquad$ It is next to the bank.
Receptionist: Thanks for your help.

## 4. Listen to two conversations, draw the directions, and circle the final destination.



Useful Expressions
To express gratitude use:

- I really appreciate it.
- Thanks a lot.
- Thanks for your help.

5. Where are these signs? Match them with the correct place on the map. Then, use the Word Bank to give warnings.


$\qquad$

## Word Bank

## Project Stage 2

- Make a map with the places in stage 1.
- Paste the map on the third panel of the brochure. Write the title City Map.
- Write the location of the places on the fourth panel.
E.g. There is a church next to the hotel.


## Lesson 3

## The Future City



## 1. Check $\square$

| a. Dubai is a city located in | $\square$ africa. | $\square$ Europe. $\square$ Asia. |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| b. It is famous for | $\square$ coffee. | $\square$ oil. | $\square$ plants. |
| c. You see artificial | $\square$ animals. $\square$ trees. | $\square$ islands. |  |

## 2. Read the text and put the following headings into the correct paragraph.

Extraordinary Architecture
High-tech Transport
Geography and Weather
a.

Dubai is a city on the Arabic Peninsula in Asia. It is famous for its oil industry mainly. The city is in a desert, there is no rain and the weather is sunny, so the climate is very arid. Summers are hot and windy. The temperature is different depending on the month, from $31^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $49^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$, but the average temperature is $40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ on a regular day. Winters aren't cold but warm and short.
 b.

Dubai is an innovative city. There aren't any old buildings just new ones. There is also an amazing construction project: The Palm Jumeirah, an island in the shape of a palm. It is similar to a tropical plant but it isn't natural. The Palm Jumeirah is the first artificial archipelago with apartments and restaurants for tourists.
c.

Transport is also popular. There aren't any camels in the center of the city but there is an automated train: The Dubai Metro. There aren't any drivers but there are electronic systems operating the train. In the interiors of the metro, there are artistic and decorative themes. They represent ideas; for example, the four elements: earth, water, fire and air.

3. Go back to the text and circle the meaning of the words in red.
a. The climate is very arid. It means it isn't rainy hot.
b. The average temperature is $40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$. It means this temperature is typical / unusual.
c. Dubai is an innovative city. It means the city is traditional / modern.
d. The Palm Jumeirah is an island in the shape of a palm. It is similar to a tree / building.
e. The Dubai Metro is automated. It means this train is manual / computerized.
f. There are artistic and decorative themes. They are ideas / decorations.
4. Read the sentences. Then, connect them with but.
a. In Monterrey, Mexico, winters aren't cold. They are warm.

Reading Strategy

Pay attention to the words before or after to infer the meaning of unfamiliar words. In Monterrey, winters aren't cold but warm
b. In Bogota, Colombia, there isn't a zoo. There is a botanical garden.
c. In Casco Viejo, Panama, there aren't any malls. There are colonial buildings and museums.
d. In Cusco, Peru, there aren't any castles. There are pre-Columbian temples.
e. In La Habana, Cuba, there isn't a metro. There is a system of buses called "Guaguas."
f. There is a seaport in the majority of South American countries. There isn't a seaport in Bolivia.
5. Paste a picture of your city and describe the
places by using but.

Writing Strategy Use but to contrast ideas.
is my city.
(weather)
$\square$
(transport)

## Project Stage 3

- Write a description of the city on the fifth panel including the weather, the transport and the buildings. Write the title Information.
- Write the group's information on the sixth panel (names and e-mails). Write the title Contacts.


1. Read the test and circle the correct answer. Then, listen and check.

## The Seven Modern Wonders Test PART 1


a. Chichen Itza is a pyramid in Mexico. This wonder is in

- Guadalajara •Yucatan • Monterrey

b. Machu Picchu or the "Lost City of the Incas" is in $\qquad$
- Ecuador • Bolivia • Peru

c. Christ the Redeemer is a Brazilian statue in the city of $\qquad$ _.
- Rio de Janeiro • Brasilia • Sao Paulo

2. Read the second part of the test and circle the correct meaning of the expressions in red.

## The Seven Modern Wonders Test PART 2

Christ the Redeemer sticks out a mile. Everybody sees it from a long distance.
a. is a small place
b. is an old place
c. is a visible place

The Great Wall is on the map. Many people around the world recognize this place.
a. a distant place
b. a famous place
c. a new place

Petra is worth its weight in gold. UNESCO says it is a cultural patrimony for humanity.
a. very expensive
b. very big
c. very valuable
3. Socialize your ideas in the class.

Reflect on Values
Always
$\square$ I visit the tourist places in my city.
$\square$ I demonstrate solidarity in the streets.


## Share Your Project

## 1. Discuss your experience.

Think about your participation in the group and check $\bar{\square}$ the options.

2. Read the text. Then, circle the correct option to complete the sentences.

## A Brochure

It is a paper folded in two or three parts containing information about a place. A brochure usually has short texts and eye-catching pictures to promote tourism, events and products.

The information in a brochure is divided into sections, so people can read it easily. In this case, the tourism brochure contains six panels divided into three important sections:

Section 1: representative and tourist places.
Section 2: map and locations in the city.
Section 3: additional information about the city and the contacts.
a. People use brochures to promote

1. parts
2. tourism
3. maps
b. $\qquad$ are necessary for the promotion of an event.
4. Pictures
5. Texts
6. Pictures and texts
c. This brochure is divided into three
7. panels
8. papers
9. sections


## Give your Presentation

- Introduce your group and say hello.
- Give samples of the brochure to the class.
- Talk about the cover and the tourist places.
- Show the map and give directions.
- Explain the description of the city.
- Say thank you to the audience.


## Useful Expressions

Hi/Hello/Good morning/afternoon. We are...
Our brochure is about... (city).
In this city, there is/are... (tourist places).
Don't/Go straight/Turn left/right to get to the... (place).
There isn't a/aren't... (places) but...
Thanks for your attention.

## Comic

Today's Contrasts
Listen and Read.


## QuizTime

1. Look at the map and write the directions to answer the questions. Pay attention to the silhouettes.

2. Look at the map and write the location of the places. Use the Word Bank.

## Word Bank

- between • across from • next to
- behind - on the corner of
a. There is a square $\qquad$ the parking lot and the church.
b. There is a drugstore $\qquad$ First
Avenue and Peter Street.
c. There is a church $\qquad$ the square.
d. There is a police station $\qquad$ the restaurant.
e. There is a bank $\qquad$ the hospital.

a. How can I get to the stadium? Walk...

b. How can I get to the church? $\qquad$
$\qquad$

c. How can I get to the botanical
 garden?
$\qquad$


3. Read the conversation and circle the correct options.

Man: Excuse me, $\qquad$ any museums near here?
a. $\bullet$ there are • are there • there aren't

Officer: No,___ any museums in the city.
b. • there isn't • there aren't • there are

Man: Mmm,___ a zoo near this place?
c. $\bullet$ there is

- are there
- is there

Officer:Yes, __ one across from the park.
d. • there isn't

- there are
- there is

Man: How can I $\qquad$ there?
e. • run

- get
- walk

Officer: Walk two blocks and turn $\qquad$ -
f. • corner • right • straight

## Self-Evaluation

## Now I can...

- identify places in the city.
- ask for and give information about locations.
- give and follow instructions to get to a place.



## Clossary

## A-D

airport: n. area where airplanes land.
amazing: adj. fantastic. (syn. wonderful)
art gallery: n. a place for the exhibition of artistic paintings.
bank: $n$. a place where people get and save money.
biologist: $n$. a person who studies plants and animals.
block: n. a rectangular area in a city surrounded by streets. Walk two blocks.

botanical garden: n . institutions that exhibit plants, trees and flowers.
castle: n . a large building with
fortified walls.
church: n. a place where people have spiritual ceremonies.
cook: n. a person who prepares food.
desert: n . arid and hot land with little vegetation.
doctor: n. a person who cures people.
driver: $n$. a person who drives a car. drugstore: $n$. a place where people buy medicine.
E-L
fire fighter: n . a person who extinguishes fire.
fire station: n . a building for fire fighters.
gas station: $n$. a place where people buy gasoline.
get: v. to arrive. How can I get to the hotel?
grocery store: n. a mini market where people buy products.
help: n. cooperation. Thanks for your help.
hospital: n . a building where doctors cure people.
hotel: n . the place where tourists sleep.
island: n . area of land with water around it.
library: n. a place where people read and have access to books. location: n . position of a place. The castle is next to the square.

M-R
mall: n . a building with stores where people shop.
map: $n$. representation of a region to locate places.
mechanic: n . a person who repairs cars.
metro: n. an electric train.
museum: $n$. a place for the exhibition of things.
parking lot: $n$. a public area where people park their cars.
police officer: $n$. a person who helps people and protects the city.
police station: n . a building where police officers work.
postal office: n . a building where people send and get letters.
postal employee: $n$. a person who delivers letters to people.
receptionist: $n$. a person who gives information at the hotel.
S - Z
sign: n . an image indicating the directions in a city.

square: $n$. a public place where people have social and cultural activities.
stadium: n. a large building where people watch and play sports. statue: n . a large human or animal sculpture.
systems engineer: n . a person who operates and repairs computers. teacher: $n$. a person who teaches a particular subject.
tech-shop: n . a building where peoplefind technological elements. tourist guide: n . a person who gives information about tourist places in a city.
tourism: n . the act of visiting other countries and cities.
train: n. transport system consisting of railway vehicles.
transport: n . a system of travelling and moving from one place to another.
tree: n . a woody plant with a trunk and branches.

work: v. to do physical or mental activity to earn money.
wonder: n . a beautiful and spectacular place.
zoo: n. a place with animals for public exhibition.

## Colloquial Expressions

Awesome: fantastic.
I'm new in town: l'm new in this city.
On the map: a famous place.
Sticks out a mile: a visible place.

Worth its weight in gold: a valuable place.

## General Objective

You will be able to talk about lifestyles.

## Communication Goals

You will learn how to

- talk about routines and lifestyles.

CLIL

- Routines
- Lifestyles
- Famous People

Vocabulary

- Words related to lifestyles
- Words related to personality

Grammar

- Simple Present tense

Idioms and Colloquial Expressions

\author{

- Jump out of bed <br> - Spend quality time <br> - Crawl out of bed <br> - Sleep like a log <br> - OMG
}


## Project

Interview
You will interview a person to talk about his / her lifestyle.

1. Match the actions with the pictures. Follow the color code.

2. Read the text and unscramble the words in parentheses. Then, listen and check.

Hi, I'm Harry and I live in South Kensington, London. I start school at 9:00 AM so I don't get up (teg pu) early. I usually get up at 7:00 AM and (a. kate) a shower. I have cereal for breakfast at 7:30 and $\qquad$ (b. og) to school at 8:00 AM. I don't $\qquad$ (c. veha) lunch at home; I eat at school. I finish classes at 3:30 PM and go home.
In the afternoon, I $\qquad$ (d. od) homework and $\qquad$ (e. frsu) the Internet.

My parents don't study. They have a clothing store. In the morning, they get up early and go to work at about 7:00 AM. My mom and dad have lunch at home and then go back to the store until 5:30 PM. We $\qquad$ (f. veha) dinner together but we don't $\qquad$ (g. og) to bed at the same time. They go to bed at 11:00 PM and I at about 10:00 PM.

3. Circle the option that applies to you.

You
a. I get up / don't get up early.
b. I have / don't have lunch at home.
c. I take / don't take a shower at 7:30 AM.

## Your parents

d. My parents study / don't study.
e. They get up / don't get up early.
f. They work / don't work until 5:30 PM.

## You and your parents

g. We watch / don't watch TV together.
h. We go / don't go to bed at the same time.
i. We play / don't play video games.

4．Listen and complete the video chat with the auxiliaries do／don＇t．

## Diane：

－Hello，Harry！I＇m fine．And you？
－Yes，I $\qquad$ （b）．School life in Thailand is very different．
－Yes，I＿＿do＿．I get up at 6：00 AM．We start classes at 7：30 AM．
－No，we $\qquad$ （e）．We do homework at school，so I get home at 5：00 PM．
－I watch TV and then have dinner with my parents．
－Yes，sometimes we talk about my situation at school and their work．
－I usually go to sleep at 10：00 PM．Well，it＇s nice talking to you，but I have to go now．
－See you around．Bye．

## Harry：

－Hi，Diane．How are you？
－Fine． $\qquad$ （a）you miss London？
－Really！！！ $\qquad$ （c）you have a different schedule？
OMG！But $\qquad$ （d）you finish classes at 3：30 PM？
What $\qquad$ （f）you do at home？
－＿＿＿ （g）you spend quality time with them？
－That＇s good．And，what time $\qquad$ you go to bed？
－I understand．You＇re tired．See you soon．

## Simple Present Tense Use it to talk about routines．

## Reflect on Grammar

| Affirmative |  | Negative |  | Yes／No Questions |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| I <br> You <br> We <br> They | get up at 6：00 AM． | I <br> You <br> We <br> They | don＇t get up at 6：00 AM． | Do | you we they | get up | at 6：00 AM？ |
|  |  |  |  |  |  | Wh－q | stions |
|  |  |  |  |  | time | do | you do at home？ you get up？ |

5．Answer $\mathbb{Z}$ the survey．Then，ask a partner．

## A Regular Day Survey

a．Do you surf the Internet？
$\qquad$ Yes，I do． $\qquad$ No，I don＇t．
b．Do watch TV at night？
$\qquad$ Yes，I do． $\qquad$ No，I don＇t．
c．Do your parents get up early？Yes，they do． $\qquad$ No，they don＇t．
d．Do you and your parents spend quality time together？
$\qquad$ Yes，we do． $\square$ No，we don＇t．
e．What time do you have breakfast？ $\square$ at 5：30 AM $\quad \square$ at 7：30 AM
$\qquad$ other
f．What do you do at home？
$\square$ watch TV $\square$ do homeworkother
g．What time do you go to bed？at 10：00 PM $\square$ at 10：30 PM
$\qquad$ other

Speaking Strategy Use＂What about you？＂to ask about people＇s activities．
$\square$ ask about people＇s activities．
 have lunch？

## Project Stage 1

－Get in pairs and choose two famous and influential people．
－Find information about what they do at home，school or work on a normal day．

## 1. Match the verbs with their complements.

## Vocabulary Strategy

Associate new language with familiar words to remember vocabulary.

2. Listen to the conversation. Then, write the corresponding names below. A Chat with Celebrities

## Juanes:

- Thanks for the invitation. It's nice to be here.
- Hmm, I work and travel abroad from Monday to Saturday. I don't have a relaxed lifestyle.
- Well, Karen plays tennis and goes for a walk in the morning with the baby.
- She stays home with the kids. So, she has an active lifestyle, too.
- No, she doesn't. But, any mother has a lot of work.
- Yeah. They are Luna, Paloma and Dante, the baby boy.
- Luna and Paloma study in the morning. In the afternoon, Luna plays basketball, Paloma watches TV and Dante usually sleeps all day. He has a relaxed routine, ha ha ha.
- You're welcome.
a. Karen and the kids stay home.
b. $\qquad$ plays tennis.
c. $\qquad$ plays basketball.
d. $\qquad$ travels abroad.
e. $\qquad$ sleeps all day.
f. $\qquad$ watches TV.

| Reflect on Grammar <br> ivities. |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Affirmative |  | Negative | Yes/N | Que | stions |  |
| She <br> He <br> It | She <br> He It | doesn't go for a walk. |  |  | work? | Yes, she does. / No, she doesn't. <br> Yes, he does. / No, he doesn't. <br> Yes, it does. / No, it doesn't. |
| Use-s/-es/-ies/ in third person  <br> study She studies <br> watch He watches <br> take It takes |  | gative sentences the b doesn't change. | Wh-a What aftern | questi does s oons? | he do in the | She stays home. |

3. Use the verbs in parentheses to complete the texts about Will Smith and Jaden Smith.

4. Organize the questions and answer them. Then, ask a partner.
a. go for a walk /in her free time /does /your mom/? Q: Does your mom go for a walk in her free time?
A: $\qquad$
b. in his free time/ surf the Internet /does /your dad/?

Q: $\qquad$
A: $\qquad$
c. play soccer /your brother /in his free time /does/?

Q: $\qquad$
A: $\qquad$
d. /do /your family /does/what /on weekends/?

Q:
A:


## 5. Listen and classify the verbs according to their final sound.



## Project Stage 2

[^3]1. Match the faces with the corresponding personality adjective.


Vocabulary Strategy Analyze the parts of words to guess their meaning. E.g. talkative $=$ talk + ative .
 creative aggressive $\square$ patient
 energetic lovely
$\square$ lazy

## The Dog Whisperer



1 Hi! I'm Cesar Millan. I'm from Mexico but I live in Los Angeles, California. I'm friendly and patient and I have a foundation: a dog psychology center with 40 dogs approximately. I rehabilitate dogs because sometimes they are aggressive, lazy and shy. I'm an energetic person. I practice sports and play with the dogs.
_ In the afternoon, I eat vegetables for lunch. I don't eat junk food. Then, I go to film my program The Dog Whisperer on Nat Geo channel until 5:00 PM. After that, I return to the dog center and meet Michael Mattes, the Foundation's designer. He creates the Internet web pages. He is talkative and very creative.
__ In my free time, I visit my children Andre and Calvin. They are lovely. We go for a walk on the beach or go to the movies. Andre invites me to play video games and Calvin usually watches a TV series and my program, of course! I love them so much. My children and my dogs are all my life.
_- And my routine? First, I get up at 4:30 AM, take a shower and walk my dogs in the morning. I don't usually have a big breakfast, just fruit and orange juice. Then, I walk to the Foundation with my favorite dog, Junior, and stay there until noon. I feed and train the dogs every day.
_ I get home at about 6:30 PM and talk to my children on the phone. Then, I check my agenda for the following day because I like organized schedules. After that, from 7:30 to 9:00 PM, I write articles about dogs for my magazine Cesar's Way. Finally, I go to bed very tired at about 11:00 PM.

3. Read the article again and answer the following questions.
a. Does Cesar have two children?

b. Does he film on Discovery channel?

c. Where does he work?

d. Why does he rehabilitate dogs?

Because sometimes they are agressive, lazy and shy.
e. What time does he write articles?

f. What does Michael Mattes do?

g. What is Cesar Millan like?

h. What is Michael Mattes like?

4. Go back to the text and complete the following sentences with the connectors in red.

```
a. , I get up early, take a shower and walk my dogs.
b.
``` \(\qquad\)
``` , I walk to the Foundation with my favorite dog.
c. \(\square\) , I return to the dog center and meet Michael.
d. \(\square\) , I go to bed very tired at about 11:00 PM.
```

5. Write your routine and use connectors of sequence to organize the ideas.

## Writing Strategy

 Use First, Then, After that and Finally to connect and give order to your ideas. Write a comma after the connector.In the morning: $\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
In the afternoon: $\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
At night: $\qquad$
$\qquad$

- Add connectors of sequence to the sentences of stage 2.
- Practice the interview with your partner. Exchange roles.


## Lesson 4

## Do You Sleep Like a Log?

1. Listen and complete the conversations with the expressions in the Word Bank.

Sue: Hi guys. Thanks for agreeing to do the interview. Let's talk about your routine on weekends.

Mark: OK. When I hear the alarm clock in the morning, I get up quickly and
(a). I'm an active person, so I go for a

## Word Bank

- sleep like a log
- crawl out of bed
- jump out of bed
walk and then take a shower.
Alice: Well, it's difficult for me to get up quickly. When my mom calls me, I sleep for 10 minutes more and
(b). I'm a lazy person, you know?
David: Mmm, my hobby is sleeping. I don't get up in the morning. I
(c) and get up at 12:00 PM. Then, I take a
shower and go to the movies.
Sue: David, you sleep for about 12 hours! It's incredible!


2. Match the above expressions a-c with the corresponding picture.

3. Interview a classmate and add the points to discover his/her lifestyle.
4. What do you do when the alarm clock rings?
a. jump out of bed
b. crawl out of bed
5. What do you do on Saturday?
a. get up early
b. sleep like a log
6. What do you do on Sunday?
a. practice sports
b. watch TV all day

Scale value

$$
a=2 \text { points each } \quad b=1 \text { point each }
$$



Results
$5-6$ points $=$ active lifestyle
$3-4$ points = relaxed lifestyle

## Reflect on Values

$\square$ I have an active lifestyle.
$\square$ I spend quality time with my family.
$\square$ I see my parents as role models.

Gap Activity
Student A goes to page 90 Student B goes to page 92.

## Share Your Project

1. Discuss your experience. Check $\square /$ what you like about the project.

Search for information $\square$


Write the questions $\square$


Practice the interview $\square$


## 2. Read the text.

## 

## An Interview

It is a conversation between two people (interviewer and interviewee) in which the participants get and give specific information.
Depending on the context, interviews are formal or informal. Informal interviews are usually relaxed and people talk about personal aspects of their lives.
Both the interviewer and the interviewee have particular roles in this interaction.
The interviewer or host...

- finds information about the person. This shows he/she is prepared and interested.
- uses his/her curiosity to ask interesting questions. This creates a funny and relaxed atmosphere.
- maintains eye contact. He/She is looking at the person's eyes.

- listens carefully to the host. This shows respect and favors the interaction.
- maintains eye contact.
- maintains eye cons.

3. Match the participants with the corresponding roles.
a. An interviewer
b. An interviewee
$\qquad$ 1. uses curiosity to ask questions.
_2. listens carefully.

- 

3. adds details to the answers.
__ 4. finds information about the person.

## Useful Expressions

Hi/Hello/Good morning/
afternoon.
Welcome to... (Name of the show).
Today we have a special guest. Let's welcome... (famous person). Right/Really?/Interesting/ Awesome/Wow!
Thanks for coming/Thanks for your time.

## Give your Presentation

- Say hello, introduce yourself and welcome the audience.
- Introduce the famous person.
- Show interest in the conversation.
- Say thank you and goodbye.

1. Get in groups of 5 and choose a bingo card.
2. Get a piece of paper and divide it into nine little pieces.
3. Listen to your teacher and cover the actions she/he says.
4. When you cover all the pictures, say "Bingo."


## Quiz Time



1. Listen and organize the routine from 1-6. Then, write the time in each picture.

2. Read and circle the correct option.
 Hi, I'm Alice and I live in Australia. I doesn't/don't (a) get up late. I get up / gets up (b) at about 5:15 AM, takes / take (c) a shower and have / has (d) breakfast with my son Mike. I works / work (e) all day and get home at about 7:00 PM.
Mike don't / doesn't (f) get up early. He get up / gets up (g) at 6:30 and go / goes (h) to school at 8:00 o'clock. In the afternoon he does / do (i) homework, watches / watch (j) TV and play / plays (k) video games. In the evening we has / have (I) dinner together. We doesn't / don't (m) go to bed before 10 PM.
3. Complete the text with the connectors in the Word Bank.

## Word Bank

- Finally - Then - First - After that
 My name is Paula Rodriguez. On weekdays, my routine is very active and dynamic. $\qquad$ (a), I get up at 5:30 AM, take a shower and have a delicious breakfast. $\qquad$ (b),

I go to school. Classes start at 8:00 AM and end at 3:00 PM. I study and have lunch at school.
(c), I get home, do homework and organize my school books for the next day. At night I play the guitar with my brother, and have dinner with my parents. $\qquad$ (d), I watch TV and go to bed at 10:00 PM.
4. Match the columns to organize the interview.

| Teacher | Brian |
| :---: | :---: |
| a. OK, Brian, tell me. Do you get up early? | $\qquad$ No, I don't. I <br> eat at my grandma's house. |
| b. Really? What time do you get up every day? | $\qquad$ Well, she surfs the Internet and watches TV. |
| c. Very early! And do you have lunch at home? | $\qquad$ Yes, I do. I jump out of bed. |
| d. What do you do on Saturdays? | $\qquad$ No, she doesn't. She is very lazy. |
| e. What about your sister, Giselle? Does she practice sports? | $\qquad$ I play basketball with my friends. |
| f. So, what does she do on weekends? | $\qquad$ I usually get up at 5:45 AM. |

## Self-Evaluation

Now I can...
talk about routines.

## A-H

abroad: adv. out of the country. I travel abroad on vacation.

aggressive: adj. a person who is not friendly. (syn. rude)
atmosphere: n. a good place or situation.
clue: $n$. information that helps you find the answer to a problem.
creative: adj. a person who invents things. (syn. imaginative)
curiosity: n. ability to know or discover information.
energetic: adj. a person who is very active.
free time: n . time for hobbies or activities different from the routine. friendly: adj. a person who is nice to other people. (ant. unfriendly) get home: v. to arrive at one's house.
get up: v. to get out of bed. go to bed: v. to go to sleep. guest: n . a person who is invited to a show.
habit: n . a frequent activity.
hang out: $v$. to have fun with friends.
have breakfast: $v$. to eat in the morning. I have breakfast at 6:15 AM.
have dinner: v. to eat in the evening. I have dinner at 7:30 PM.
have lunch: $v$. to eat in the afternoon. I have lunch at 1:00 PM. home: n . house.

host: n . the presenter of a program. (syn. interviewer)

## I-P

influential: adj. a person who persuades others.
interview: n. a conversation between two people to get and give information.
interviewee: $n$. the person who answers questions in an interview. interviewer: $n$. the person who asks questions in an interview. kids: $n$. children.

lazy: adj. a person who is not active. (ant. energetic)
lifestyle: n. particular activities or habits. I play sports and have an active lifestyle.
lovely: adj. a person who inspires love and affection. My mom is lovely.
miss: v. to feel sad because a person is not present.
nap: n . a short sleep during the day. I take a nap after lunch. patient: adj. a person who has the ability to wait. (syn. tolerant)
play: v. to participate in a game. I play basketball and video games in my free time.
puzzle: n. a game with different parts to organize.


## R-Z

rehabilitate: $v$. to give good therapy.
routine: n . activities during the day.
shower: n . the morning bath. I take a shower at 5:30 AM.
shy: adj. a person who doesn't talk to other people easily. (syn. timid)
spend: v. to use up time. I watchTV to spend my time.
stay: v. to be in one place for a while. I stay home on weekends.
surf the Internet: v. to look for information on the web.
talkative: adj. a person who talks a lot.
tired: adj. not having energy. I go to sleep when I am tired.
travel: v. to visit other cities and countries.
unscramble: v. to organize.
video games: n . electronic games you play with hand controls.


## Colloquial Expressions

Crawl out of bed: get up with difficulty.

Jump out of bed: get up quickly.

OMG: Oh my God.
Sleep like a log: sleep for a long time.

Spend quality time: to share a good time.




Unit 1

## STUDENT A

## Stage 1

1. Your partner has a new identity. Identify it.
2. Ask personal information questions to guess your partner's identity.
3. Complete the form.

Your partner


Andrew


Brian


Marcela


Catalina


## Stage 2

1. Choose an identity.
2. Answer your partner's questions.


Origin: Holland
Henrick
Telephone: 328574999
E-mail address: henk14@epal.com
Age: 14


Origin: Holland Paul
Telephone: 3685492745
E-mail address: ringo@netsky.com
Age: 30
Origin: Italy
Donna
Telephone: 713695489
E-mail address: donita@yoole.com
Age: 14


Origin: Italy
Isabella
Telephone: 793638101
E-mail address: isa@zmail.com
Age: 40

## Unit 2

## STUDENT A

## Stage 1

1. Describe the family tree.
2. Answer questions when necessary.
E.g. The father is chubby. His hair is curly...


## Stage 2

1. Listen to the description.
2. Locate and draw each family member in the tree.
3. Ask questions to confirm information.
E.g. Is the father chubby?


Unit 3

## STUDENT A

Ask your partner questions to complete the cultural agenda.


February-June Cultural Agenda

| Event | Month | Date | Time |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Reggae concert | February | Friday 1st |  |
| Dance festival |  |  | 9:00 AM |
| Movie club | April | 2nd Weekend |  |
| Art exhibition |  |  | 4:30 PM |
| Theater festival | June | Friday 21st, Saturday 22nd Sunday 23rd |  |
| Find more information at www.whatsoninthecity.com |  |  |  |

## Student A

Draw these people doing different activities. Then, ask your partner to guess the activities.


Unit

## STUDENT B

## Stage 1

1. Choose an identity.
2. Answer your partner's questions.

Origin: Mexico Marcela

Telephone: 523695489
E-mail address: marc@mexpal.mx
Age: 14


Origin: Mexico Catalina
Telephone: 562673459
E-mail address: cata@mxmail.com
Age: 40


Origin: England Brian
Telephone: 426954718
E-mail address: boy20@netsky.com
Age: 20

Origin: England Andrew
Telephone: 423195489
E-mail address: andy@epal.uk

Age: 12

## STUDENT B

## Stage 1

1. Listen to the description.
2. Locate and draw each family member in the tree.
3. Ask questions to confirm information.
E.g. Is the father chubby?


## Stage 2

1. Your partner has a new identity. Identify it.
2. Ask personal information questions to guess your partner's identity.
3. Complete the form.

Your partner


Donna


## Unit 2

## Stage 2

1. Describe the family tree.
2. Answer questions when necessary.
E.g. The mom is chubby. Her hair is short...


## STUDENT A

- Ask for the directions to go to the following places: bank, hotel, square, stadium, city hall, fire station, school.
- Write the name of the place in the correct space.
- Answer your partner's questions.

$\qquad$


Unit 6

## Student A

Read the chart and ask questions to complete it. Use question words to help you.

> What does...? What time does...? Does...?

| Name | Time | Play sports | Lifestyle | Do homework on Sundays |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Matt | gets up at 8:00 AM |  | stays home and surfs the Internet |  |
| Alison | has breakfast at | Yes $\triangle$ | - | Yes $\sqrt{\top}$ |
| Edward | takes a shower at 11:30 AM |  | goes for a walk and travels |  |
| Natalie | goes to school at | No $\square^{\square}$ | $\square$ | No $\square^{\text {V }}$ |



Unit 3

## STUDENT B

Ask your partner questions to complete the cultural agenda.


February-June Cultural Agenda

| Event | Month | Date | Time |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Reggae concert |  |  | 8:00 PM |
| Dance festival | March | Tuesday 15th Thursday 17th |  |
| Movie club |  |  | 6:00 PM |
| Art exhibition | May | Monday 7th, Tuesday 8th Wednesday gth |  |
| Theater festival |  |  | 10:30 AM |
| Find more information at www.whatsoninthecity.com |  |  |  |

## Student B

Unit 4
Draw these people doing different activities. Then, ask your partner to guess the activities.


## STUDENT B

- Ask for the directions to go to the following places: art gallery, post office, museum, parking lot, airport, restautant, church.
- Write the name of the place in the correct space.
- Answer your partner's questions.



## Student B

Read the chart and ask questions to complete it. Use question words to help you.
$\square$
What...? What time...? Does...?

| Name | Time | Play sports | Lifestyle | Do homework <br> on Sundays |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Matt | gets up at | No | Yes |  |

What time does
Matt get up?

## Unit 1

Clossary Activities

1. Unscramble the words you find in a profile.
a. mena $\qquad$
b. gea $\qquad$
c. tanilyonait $\qquad$
d. nurmase
e. ginrio
2. Write the word that corresponds to the definition.
a. An informal conversation.
b. The principal city of a country.
c. To be in good physical condition.
d. A symbol of a country.
e. People who watch a presentation.
3. Replace the underlined words. Circle the correct option.
a. Canada is a country.
4. capital
5. nationality
6. nation
b. I find information on the Internet.
7. meet
8. discover
9. look
c. This is a nice picture.
10. tower
11. form
12. illustration
d. Mike is Brazilian. He is a traveler.
13. housemate
14. visitor
15. classmate
e. It is a nice presentation.
16. friendly
17. bad
18. good
19. Classify the nationalities for the countries in the Word Bank.

Word Bank

```
- Canada • Spain - China •USA • Peru
- France •Chile •England •Japan •Greece
```


5. Match the colloquial expressions with their meanings.

a. Where exactly?

b. It's a rumor.

c. Hello!

d. It's confusing.

e. To pay 50-50.

1. $\qquad$ My sister and I go Dutch.
2. $\qquad$ It's a Chinese whisper.
3. $\qquad$ It's all Greek to me.
4. $\qquad$ What's up?
5. $\qquad$ Where about?

## Unit 2

## Glossary Activities

1. Find nine family members.

| A | W | X | S | I | S | T | E | R | D | T | U |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| P | S | I | B | L | I | N | G | S | A | W | T |
| E | I | R | D | A | D | B | I | E | U | Q | U |
| S | M | O | M | S | R | A | T | V | G | U | S |
| O | T | G | Y | A | Q | Z | X | R | H | N | I |
| N | N | I | J | U | S | F | S | W | T | C | N |
| D | F | C | H | N | G | O | H | Z | E | L | G |
| Y | P | A | L | T | W | Z | N | L | R | E | D |
| G | R | A | N | D | P | A | R | E | N | T | S |
| B | R | O | T | H | E | R | V | I | R | Q | X |

## 2. Write the antonyms.

| Adjective | Antonym |
| :--- | :--- |
| a. chubby |  |
| b. tall |  |
| c. young |  |
| d. unfit |  |

3. Match the verbs with their definition.

| Verb | Definition |
| :--- | :---: |
| a. live with | to check and correct |
| b. get | to guess in advance |
| c. revise | to share a house or |
| an apartment |  |
| d. predict | to select an option |
| e. decide | to obtain |

4. Label the pictures. Use the Word Bank.

Word Bank

- weight • age • height

b.

a.

c. $\qquad$

5. Complete the sentences with the correct colloquial expression.
a. I have three exams tomorrow.

I am $\qquad$ with work.
b. Please, $\qquad$ on your
weight. You are chubby!
c. Speak now, I'm $\qquad$
6. Write hair-related adjectives.


## Unit 3 <br> Clossary Activities

1. Match these words with their synonyms.

| A | B |
| :--- | :--- |
| a. event | film |
| b. exhibition | imaginary |
| c. kind | agenda |
| d. movie | class |
| e. advertise | occasion |
| f. schedule | e__ exposition |
| g. unreal |  |

## 2. Find ten words related to cultural events.

| I | F | A | L | P | O | S | H | I | W |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| D | C | O | N | C | E | R | T | K | A |
| A | B | U | R | D | C | A | P | E | M |
| N | F | E | S | T | I | V | A | L | C |
| C | S | D | O | H | P | E | R | M | I |
| E | A | C | P | E | D | I | A | R | N |
| S | H | O | W | A | B | P | D | C | E |
| K | U | V | I | T | A | L | E | Y | M |
| C | L | U | B | E | C | A | S | O | A |
| D | I | P | A | R | T | Y | H | E | R |

3. Complete the sentences with five words from the previous exercise.
a. I go to the $\qquad$ and see movies on weekends.
b. Salsa is a typical $\qquad$ in my country.
c. We go to the $\qquad$ and see fantastic plays on weekdays.
d. In Latin America, Viña del Mar is home to a famous song $\qquad$ -.
e. My birthday $\qquad$ is on September 15th. I'm very happy!
4. Look at the pictures and find the corresponding time expression.

5. Replace the words in bold with the corresponding concept.
a. The symbol of the event is very creative.
b. I use a diagram to organize my ideas.
c. We create a colorful paper with information to promote the festival.
d. The movie category for today is horror.
e. The computer is a good element to do my homework with.
f. Listen! The music of the movie is great.

## Unit 4

Glossary Activities

1. Unscramble and classify the words below.

| a. losgev |
| :--- |
| b. kejact |
| c. thirs-T |
| d. scraf |
| e. naussgless |
| f. atco |
| g. tah |
| h. aterswe |
| i. napst |
| j. pac |

2. Match the beginning of the idea in column $A$ with the corresponding ending in column $B$.

| A | B |
| :--- | :--- |
| a. In fall, | are seasons of the <br> year. |
| b. Sunny, snowy, windy <br> and warm | _it's windy. |
| c. In spring, | it's snowy. |
| d. In summer, | it's warm. |
| e. Spring, summer, fall <br> and winter | it's hot. |
| f. In winter, | are atmospheric |

3. Complete the conversations with the corresponding colloquial expressions.
a. Tim: Wow, Laura's collage is fantastic.

Amy: Yeah, she is very creative.
Tim: I $\qquad$ to her.
b. Alex: Look. Amy is wearing new sunglasses.

Pete: They are beautiful and popular.
Alex:Yes, those sunglasses are
$\qquad$
c. Bob: This poster is for science class.

Patty: Are you working with Pilar?
Bob: Yes, she is my friend and we
4. Circle the correct word to complete the sentences.
a. A building / beach is an area of sand near the ocean or the sea.
b. Slippers / Boots are soft shoes to wear inside the house.
c. A silhouette / shape is the form of an object.
d. Shorts / Jeans are informal pants made of tough material.
e. A town / street is a public road in a city.
f. A survey / sound is a document with questions.
g. To classify / report is to organize according to a category.
h. A team / collage is a creative visual work that includes different kinds of images.
i. A neighborhood / viewer is the area where you live.


## 1. Answer the crossword puzzle.



Down
A place...
a. where people find technological elements.
b. where people read and have access to books.
c. for the exhibition of historical things.
d. where people watch and play sports.
e. where people buy medicine.
f. where people get and save money.

## Across

A place...
g. where doctors cure sick people.
h. for the exhibition of artistic paintings.
i. with stores where people shop.
j. or mini market where people buy products.
k. where police officers work.
I. where people send and get letters.
2. Match the professions with their corresponding activities.
__biologist
___ fire fighter
__ postal employee
__ systems engineer
mechanic
$\qquad$ cook
receptionist
__ teacher
a. delivers letters to people
b. prepares food
c. teaches a particular subject
d. repairs cars
e. extinguishes fire
f. gives information at a hotel
g. studies animals and plants
h. operates and repairs computers
3. Unscramble the expressions to complete the dialog.
Tim: Welcome to Rio de Janeiro. I'm Tim, your tourist guide. Here, you can see this famous and visible building: Rio Sul. It's a business center and it's 163 meters high. It $\qquad$
$\qquad$ (a. sisckt tou a meli)!

Tourist 1: Excuse me, is there a park in this city?
Tim: Yes, Tijuca is a National Park. There are beautiful animals, plants and trees. It's a valuable place for the city and the world, so it's

## (b. rowth sit twghie ni dlog).

Tourist 2: Is there a beach near here?
Tim: Of course! Walk three blocks and turn right.
You'll see the Copacabana beach. It's very famous.
Everybody recognizes this place in the world. It's
$\qquad$
$\qquad$ (c. no eth pam).

1. Match the verbs with their complements. There are 2 options for each verb.
a. go
b. have
c. take
d. play
e. get
2. lunch
$\qquad$ 2. up
$\qquad$ 3. basketball
3. to school
4. video games
5. for a walk
$\qquad$ 7. a nap
$\qquad$ 8. home
$\qquad$ 9. dinner
6. a shower
7. Complete the text with the verbs in exercise 1. Use the pictures to help you.

This is my routine:

(a) at 7:00 AM

(b) at about 7:30.

Then, I

$\qquad$
(c)
and

$\qquad$ (d) at 12:30 PM.

In the afternoon I

(e)

98

Test Training $\mathbf{A}$ Units 1 -2

## Listening

Listen to a conversation twice.
For questions 1-5, check the correct answer.
Example:
o. The name of the girl is


Lugy
Amna

A
B


C

1. The girl is



B


C
2. The girl is from

3. The girl's phone number is


## 4. The man is a

A


B

B

5. The man is


A

C




C

Speaking Candidate A
You are a secretary at the language institute Greenwich.
Ask candidate B questions to complete the form.


Greenwich

## Registration Card

Name: $\qquad$
Surname: $\qquad$
Age: $\qquad$


## Nationality:

$\qquad$
Phone number: $\qquad$
E-mail address: $\qquad$

## Complete the five conversations.

For questions 6-10, mark $A, B$ or $C$ in the answer box.

## Example:

o. What's your name?

A I'm fine.
B I'm Mary.
C I'm 11 years old.
6. How old are you?

A I'm fine, thanks.
B I'm 10 years old.
C I'm Guatemalan.
7. How are you?

A Hello!
B Nice to meet you.
C Fine, thank you.
8. Where are you from?

A Canada
B Canadian
C American
9. Is your best friend tall?

A No, he isn't. He is sociable.
B No, he isn't. He is short.
C No, he isn't. He is young.
10. What does your dad look like?

A This is my dad.
B My dad is 45 .
C My dad is tall and thin.

## Complete the e-mail.

Write ONE word for each space.
For questions 11-20, write your words in the answer box.

To: cami2000@meet.pr
Subject: Nice to meet you.

Hello Camilo,
(0) $\qquad$ name is David. I (11) $\qquad$ from Canberra.
(12) $\qquad$ is the capital of Australia. I (13) _- 12 years old. My family is very nice. My grandma and my grandpa (14) $\qquad$ from
Toronto. (15) $\qquad$ are Canadian. My dad is (16) $\qquad$ New York.
He (17) $\qquad$ young. My mom is (18) $\qquad$ Canberra.
(19) $\qquad$ is beautiful and young. (20) $\qquad$ is 40 years old.

Tell me about your family.
Write soon, David.

## Speaking Candidate B

## You are a new student at the language institute Greenwich.

Choose ONE identity and answer candidate A's questions.

Name: Felipe
Surname: Rodriguez
Age: 12
Place of birth: Lima, Peru
Phone number: 512895378


E-mail address: RoFe@e-pal.pe

Name: Marcela
Surname: Casas
Age: 13
Place of birth: Cancun, Mexico
Phone number: 297897423
E-mail address: Cmicas@e-pal.mx

## Listening

## Listen to the recording twice.

For questions 1-5 mark $A$, $B$ or $C$ in the answer box.
Example:
Units 3-4

o. Susan is wearing a


A


B
2. Fred is wearing


A
3. Linda is wearing a


C

A


B

B

C

1. Annie is wearing a

B

C

A
2. Brian is wearing a


A


B


B


C
5. Jenny is wearing


A


C

Speaking Candidate A
Discover the activities they are doing in Candidate B's picture. Ask questions.


## Reading

## Read the article about Disney and Pixar.

For sentences 6-11 mark True (A), False [B] or No Information (C) in the answer box.

## Disney and Pixar's Secret

Ratatouille, Wall-E, Toy Story and Cars are famous for many people. Are these movies familiar to you? Well, a big American company is responsible for their popularity. This company is the result of a merging of Disney and Pixar. They are famous in the computer animation industry. Disney is in Burbank, California, and Pixar is in Emeryville, California.

Edwin Catmull is the leader of Walt Disney and Pixar Animation Studios. He is from Parkersburg, Virginia, and is a computer scientist. He is very intelligent and his vision of the company is very clear. He is combining technology and ideas to invent memorable stories. He is creating a new generation of animated movies.
Teams are necessary to create good movies in the company, so its employees are creative, innovative and collaborative. They are studying technology and animation and making great movies for children and adults. Catmull is happy with the results and his opinion is: "People are the secret of the company. We are working with an excellent team and that's our principal factor."

## George Simmons

## Movie Magazine

## Example:

o. Disney and Pixar are one company.
A. True
B. False
C. No Information
6. Edwin Catmull is a computer teacher.
A. True
B. False
C. No Information
7. Toy Story and Cars are famous in Latin America.
A. True
B. False
C. No Information
8. The company is creating a new generation of people.
A. True
B. False

| $\bar{y}$ | 0 | A | B | C |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
|  | 6 | A | B | C |
|  | 7 | A | B | C |
|  | A | B | C |  |
| 9 | A | B | C |  |
| 10 | A | B | C |  |
| 11 | A | B | C |  |

9. All the people at the company are from California.
A. True
B. False
C. No Information
10. They are making movies only for children.
A. True
B. False
C. No Information
11. People are important for Disney and Pixar.
A. True
B. False
C. No Information

## Complete the text.

Write ONE word for each space 12-22.
For questions 12-22, write your words in the answer box.
Example:

| 0 | in |
| :--- | :--- |

## December Vacation

Ready for vacation? These are the activities (0) $\qquad$ December. You can go to the cinema (12) $\qquad$ the morning. The movies are (13) $\qquad$ 10 AM. The action movie is (14) $\qquad$ weekdays and the sci-fi movie is (15) $\qquad$ the weekend.
You can also go to the theater. The plays are (16) $\qquad$ noon (17) $\qquad$ Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays. There are more options (18) $\qquad$ the afternoon: food, art and music. The food festival is (19) ___ December 15th (20) ___ 6:30 PM. Are you a culture vulture? So you can go to the art exhibition (21) $\qquad$ Wednesday or Friday. Are you fond of pop? So you can go to the concert. It's (22)__ December 21st. Join it. It's really fun.

## Candidate B

Discover the activities they are doing in Candidate A's picture. Ask questions.


Test Training $C$
Units 5-6

Listening
Listen to some information about a natural park.
Listen and complete the questions 1-5.
Listen to the information twice.

THE WORLD NATIONAL PARK


Blue Zone $\mp$
Warning: $\square$
Orange Zone


## Reading

Match the notices (A-H) with the correct place (6-10).
For questions 6-10, mark the answers in the answer box.

## Example:


o. Hospital


See the Leonardo Da Vinci exhibition today!

B
6. Drugstore
7. Tech-shop
8. Museum

Get your favorite team tickets now!
(C)

9. Hotel

F
10.) School

E

(6) Welcome to class!

H

## Breakfast from 8:10 AM

## Writing

## Complete these e-mails.

## Write ONE word for each space.

For questions 11-20, write the words in the answer box.



Hello Andres! I'm very happy here. Yes, you're right, life in Jamaica is different. I go to school at 9:00 AM, so I (16) $\qquad$ get up early in the morning. Classes start at 10:00 AM and end at 4:00. I (17) $\qquad$ have lunch at home. Now, I have it at the school cafeteria. The schedule is perfect, but there is a lot of homework. I (18) $\qquad$ hang out with my new friends in the afternoon, but I talk to them on weekends. My sister is a different story. She (19) $\qquad$ study at my school, so she has more free time. For example, she plays basketball after school. The Jamaican lifestyle is more relaxed. On weekends, people (20) $\qquad$ go to bed early; they walk around the city and dance. I love this place!

Write to me soon, Susan.

Look at the pictures and ask your partner what time he/she does these activities.

get up
do homework
have dinner
ge



go to school

have lunch

go to bed

$\square$

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## DISTRIBUCIÓN GRATUITA - PROHIBIDA SU VENTA

## English A1.1, Workbook

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Promovemos la conciencia ambiental en la comunidad educativa. Hemos impreso el 8\% de ejemplares con certificado de responsabilidad ambiental.

[^4]

## 2018: The value of respect

The beginning of a new school year always gives us hope. All the children and adolescents get prepared, not only to study and learn, but also to meet their classmates. Sometimes we come across new faces in class, and that is a good sign, because we see that other students are joining our institution. This also means that it is a good opportunity to interact with people other than those we already knew and thus make new friends.

We know that the school is a good place to grow and share many positive things, and from time to time also to face problems. Being supportive and supporting those who need help is an advice we should follow at home, at school and in the community.

The new school year opens as an experience that challenges us and at the same time gratifies us. We are part of the educational community, teachers, parents, legal representatives and relatives. We are all responsible for accompanying them in the improvement of their education, in improving the quality of their knowledge and in the experience of studying and learning to grow as better human beings and citizens.

A new school year means a job dedicated to expanding positive relationships, which we call respect. No one can be left out of this everyday practice at school and in the community. This value of life is radically opposed to contempt and expulsion. If we want a fair education, in which we can all participate, Respect for others means accepting their own ways of being, their individual, social, physical and cultural characteristics; their way of thinking and appreciating the world; their customs and traditions; their skills and abilities. This is the best proposal that the Ministry of Education can make at the beginning of the new school year.

Respect for others means respect for each and every one of us. Respect does not accept any aggression, be it physical, psychological or sexual. It implies recognizing ourselves in the people around us. Teachers, students and partners, we are all human beings who have the same rights. That means the right to have our own point of view, the right to change our minds, to make mistakes, the right to create a world of our own in which to live.

This 2018 - year of respect - is inspired by the principles of zero tolerance to abuse and violence, to any type of discrimination. We promote gender equality (equality between men and women), social justice, solidarity, a culture of peace, coexistence between different cultures and traditions, and the care of the environment. All these are values that we must spread and live fully every day in the educational community.

This is a year to defend the rights of students with a lot of determination and commitment. Our program "More united, more protected" was created to prevent violence within the educational system. We see education as an integrated whole; we work to improve our environment with important curricular innovations such as the methodology of the land of children and young people of good living. The incorporation of ancestral knowledge to education, the development of the arts, good reading manners and an ambitious digital agenda are part of our proposal at the beginning of the new school year.

This is the integral action that we now promote, in which children and adolescents participate as a decisive force within the educational community. Let's continue walking with good step and with respect in this 2018.

## UNIT

Personal Information

- Simple Present tense with the verb To Be


## Vocabulary: learning

expressions within
communicative contexts to remember them
Grammar: following models to start practicing naturally

## Reading:

- going back to the text to look for specific information
- activating previous knowledge to better understand a text Writing: capitalizing at the beginning of a sentence, names, last names, the pronoun I, countries, cities, nationalities, abbreviations, and acronyms to have good spelling
- Family Members
- Physical Appearance

You will learn how to

- describe people's physical appearance.
- ask and answer questions about physical descriptions.
- Simple Present tense with the verb To Be
- Possessive Adjectives

Vocabulary: using diagrams to organize and memorize new vocabulary
Reading: using Venn diagrams to understand and organize the information in a text
Writing: using and to list attributes

- Types of Movies
- Cultural Events
- Famous Festivals

You will learn how to

- ask and answer questions about schedules.
- ask for and give dates.
- ask for and give the time.
- Prepositions of Time
- Wh-questions (what time / when)


## Vocabulary:

- looking at the context to identify the correct preposition
- using imagery to remember new vocabulary
Reading: using images and key words to remember what you read
Writing: using mind maps to organize information before you write


## UNIT

- Street Life
- Clothes
- Famous Cities

You will learn how to

- express what people are doing at the moment of speaking.
- describe what people are wearing.
- Present Progressive tense
- Demonstrative Pronouns

Vocabulary: using pictures to remember new words
Grammar:

- using charts to remember spelling rules
- using over here when pointing out things that are near and over there when pointing out things that are far
Reading: going back to the text to check and correct information
Writing: using so to talk about the result or consequence of an action

- Places in the City
- City Maps

You will learn how to

- identify places in the city.
- ask for and give information about location.
- give and follow directions to get to a place.
- There is - There are
- Prepositions of Place
- Imperatives

Vocabulary: using maps to practice giving directions to get to places
Grammar: using visual references to understand the use of prepositions of place
Reading: inferring the meaning of unfamiliar words by analyzing context clues
Writing: using but to contrast ideas

- Routines
- Lifestyles
- Famous People

You will learn how to

- describe routines and lifestyles.
- Simple Present tense


## Vocabulary:

- observing and analyzing the sequence of the actions to memorize them
- using the context to identify the missing words
Reading: skimming the text to find specific information
Writing: using a flow chart to organize the information before you write


## ? <br> Review

## 1. Look at the pictures and complete the sentences. Use the Word Bank.

## Word Bank <br> - look <br> - practice <br> - listen <br> - read <br> - spell

b. $\qquad$ the text and answer the
pronunciation and $\qquad$ with your partner!

c. I'm sorry, I don't understand. How do you your name?


d. $\qquad$ at the picture to help you understand the new words!


## 2. Read and follow the instructions.

a. Underline the words: students, teacher. Then, circle the names.

Sandra and Daniel are students. Victoria is a teacher. They are at school.
b. Match and write the names above with the picture.

1.
c. Check the true sentence.

1. Sandra is a teacher $\qquad$ $\downarrow$
2. Victoria is a student $\qquad$

3. 


3.
3. Daniel is a student $\qquad$

## 3. Write the number.

a. $57=$ $\qquad$
e. $41=$ $\qquad$ i. $99=$ $\qquad$
b. $35=$ $\qquad$ f. $60=$ $\qquad$ j. 21= $\qquad$
c. $78=$ $\qquad$ g. $11=$ $\qquad$ k. $300=$ $\qquad$
d. $92=$ $\qquad$ h. $15=$
I. $500=$ $\qquad$

E.g. How many computers are there? two computers
a. How many books are there? $\qquad$
b. How many erasers are there?
c. How many magazines are there?
d. How many markers are there? $\qquad$
e. How many pencils are there? $\qquad$
f. How many pairs of scissors are there? $\qquad$

## 5. Answer the questions.

E.g. How much is fifteen plus ten? $15+10=25$. It's twenty-five
a. How much is thirty-three plus twenty-eight? $\qquad$ $=$ $\qquad$ It's $\qquad$
b. How much is thirteen minus five? $\qquad$ $=$ $\qquad$ It's $\qquad$
c. How much is six times twelve? $\qquad$ $=$ $\qquad$ It's $\qquad$ $=$ $\qquad$ It's $\qquad$

Vocabulary
Strategy
Relate the mathematical symbol with the operation. Plus $=(+)$ Minus $=(-)$ Times $=(\mathrm{X})$
Divided by = (/)

## Meeting New People

1. This is the first day of the semester at the International School. Write the question to each answer.

Ms. Bing: Good morning class!
Students: Good morning Ms. Bing.
Ms. Bing:
Students: Fine, thank you.
Ms. Bing: This year, we have a new student.
(b)?

Helen: My name is Helen.
Ms. Bing: Welcome, nice to meet you.
Tim, let's ask her some questions.
Tim:
Helen: I'm from Greece.
Tim: I am from Greece too!

Helen: I'm 10 years old.
Tim: I'm11. $\qquad$ (e)?

Helen: It's 5559745 .
Tim: My phone number is 2455378
Helen: It is helen@vp.com
2. Based on the conversation. Complete identity cards for Helen and Tim. Then, complete yours.

3. Read the greetings and write formal or informal below each one of the situations:

4. Complete the sentences with the correct form of the verb to be, am, is or are.

Hello,

(a) Tim. $\square$ (b) from Athens. It $\square$ (c) the capital of Greece. I $\square$ (d) 12 years old. My phone number $\square$ (e) 24553789. I imagine you $\square$ (f) from Latin America, right? I guess
$\square$ (g) 11 or 12 years old. I think you $\square$ (h) a student. That's cool.

## 5. Read the chat and cross out five mistakes.

## VPChat Room \&



Jay: Hello. My name is Jay, What is your name?
Ana: Hi, My name is / aXe Ana. How are / is you, Daniel? Jay: I am / are (a) fine, thank you. Ana, what is your phone number?

Ana: It is / am (b) 2479612 . And what's yours?
Jay: It is 34567333 . Where you are / are you (c) from Ana?
Ana: I am / is (d) from Argentina.
Jay: Nice to meet you Ana.
Ana: Nice to meet you too, Jay.

Frinind Alound de Wordd

1. Look at the map. Complete the sentences with the country and the nationality.
2. Read the conversation. Match the question with the answer.

3. Read the sentences and circle the correct alternative.
E.g. Katherine is English. She/ he is 11 years old.
a. This is Ana and she / he is Colombian.
b. You am / is / are from Canada.
c. My name is Andrew. I/ You am a student.
d. It / She / He is 3477568.
e. I/ He / She am thirteen years old.

f. It / She / He is jct@webnet.com.
4. BOARD GAME: Play with a partner. Use a coin to move forward: heads = 2 spaces; tails = 1 space. Answer the question or complete the sentence in the square.

She
16 years old.


My e-mail $\qquad$ student@vp1.com

They
Greek.


What's your phone number?

1. Look at the pictures and complete the sentences.
a. David Villa is a $\qquad$
b. Jack Dorsey is a $\qquad$

## Vocabulary Strategy

Associate occupations with famous people to help you understand the meaning of words.
c. Keira Knightley is an $\qquad$
2. Read the sentences and guess if they are true $[\mathcal{V}$ ] or false $[X]$.
a. David Villa is from Mexico.
b. David Villa is a soccer player in Spain.
c. Jack Dorsey is American.
d. Jack Dorsey is an actor.
e. Keira Knightley is English.
f. Keira Knightley is a computer scientist.

3. Now read the text and check your answers.



This is Keira Knightley, the actress in "Pirates of the Caribbean." She is from London in England. She is 31 years old. She is sociable.

Now, I want to know about your favorite VIP. Write an e-mail to helen @vp.com.
4. Complete the sentences and fill in the puzzle.
Clues
Across
a. Jack Dorsey is from The ...
b. Keira Knightley is from ...
c. Keira Knightley is an ...

## Down

d. Jack Dorsey is a computer ...
e. Jack Dorsey is ...
f. David Villas is from ...
g. David is ...
h. David Villa is a soccer ...

## 5. Read the sentences and write the name of the VIP:

a. This person is from England: $\qquad$
b. This person is creative:
c. This person is 34 years old:
d. This person is American:
e. This person is sociable:
f. This person is a soccer player:
6. Complete the following sentences with " $a$ " or " $a n$ ".
a. David Villa is $\qquad$ soccer player
d. Jack Dorsey is $\qquad$ creative person.
b. David Villa is $\qquad$ athletic person.
e. Keira Knightley is $\qquad$ sociable person.
c. Jack Dorsey is $\qquad$ computer scientist.
f. Keira Knightley is $\qquad$ English actress.


## Writing

1. Correct the mistakes using the rules for capital letters.
a. this is my web page www.getintouchwithaVIP.com.
b. my name is ana and iam 12 years old.
c. this is johnny depp, he is a vip. He is an american actor.
d. This is cristiano ronaldo. he is an athletic soccer player from portugal.
e. this is bill gates, the creator of microsoft windows.
f. He is a computer scientist from seattle in the United States.
2. Create your web page. Choose three VIPs in music, movies and sports. Then, complete the IDs with their information.


| HOME PRODUCTS SERVICES | SOLUTIONS ABOUT CONTACT | SEARCH |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Music | Movies | Sports |
| Name: | Name: | Name: |
| Age: | Age: | Age: |
| Place of birth: | Place of birth: | Place of birth: |
| Nationality: | Nationality: | Nationality: |
| Occupation: | Occupation: | Occupation: |

## 3. Write the profile of your VIPs for your webpage. Include their name, age, place of birth, nationality and occupation.

This is my web page $\qquad$ (address). My name is (your name and age)
This is $\qquad$
$\qquad$
(VIP in music)
This is $\qquad$
$\qquad$ (VIP in movies)
This is $\qquad$
$\qquad$

## Lesson 4

## The World We live In

1. These are special symbols from some different nations. Complete the sentences with the correct country and nationality.


This is the Great Wall of
(a). The Wall
has fortifications to protect the (b) Empire.
2. Organize the colloquial expressions and write them below each picture. Then, match the expressions with their meaning.



Tulips are from $\qquad$ (c).

They are $\qquad$
(d)
flowers.



The Pantheon is from
(e). It is important
in $\qquad$ (f) culture.

is / whisper / Chinese / a / It
3. Use the colloquial expressions to complete the conversations.
a. Ann: It's 20 dollars.

Ben: $\qquad$ Here's 10 dollars.
b. Jay: He's from England!

Tim: It's $\qquad$ He is from the United States.
c. Helen: This is difficult!

Kim: Yes, it's $\qquad$

1. Match the syllables to form words. Write them in the list.


| grand | pa | sis | hand |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| tty | ther | ma | fa |
| sib | some | pre | grand |
| bro | mily | ter | lings |

a. $\qquad$
e.
f. $\qquad$
b. $\qquad$
c. $\qquad$ g.
d. $\qquad$ h. $\qquad$
2. Classify the adjectives into the correct category. Use the Word Bank.
a. $\qquad$
b.
-

c.

Height
Vocabulary
e. $\qquad$ f. $\qquad$ g.
$\qquad$

Strategy
Use diagrams to organize and memorize new vocabulary.


Word Bank

- athletic
- tall
- young
- chubby
- short
- thin
- old

3. Write the name in the right box according to the description (Robert, George, John).

My name is Charles. My grandparents are called Aaron and Claire. They are short and old. My mother 's name is Julie. She is short and pretty. My father is called Robert; he is 40 years old. He is tall and chubby. Finally, my uncles are called George and John, they are both young. George is tall and athletic. John is tall and thin.


## 4. Ann asks Charles questions about his family. Answer them according to the picture in exercise 3.


a. Charlie, are your uncles young?
b. Is your father thin and short?
c. Is your mother tall? $\qquad$
d. Are your grandparents short?
e. Is your uncle George tall and athletic? $\qquad$
5. Read about Charlie's friends. Circle the correct words from the chart.

| a. | are | is | am |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| b. | He | She | They |
| c. | am | is | are |
| d. | am | is | are |
| e. | We | He | She |
| f. | he | she | I |
| g. | am | is | are |

I am Charlie. My friends $\qquad$ (a) very nice. I am 13 years old. $\qquad$ (b) am short, chubby and handsome. $\qquad$ (c) are Diane, Joseph and Richard. Joseph and Richard $\qquad$ (d) brothers. Joseph is 15 and Richard is 14 years old. They are tall and thin. Diana is 14 too; she $\qquad$ (e) pretty and short. We study at the same school. $\qquad$ (f) are sixth grade students. We (g) very good friends.
6. Organize the questions. Then, answer them according to the chart.
a. tall / Steven / are / and / Ronda / ?
b. old / Amy / is / ?
c. and / are / Roger / thin / Amy / ?
d. short / is / Amy / ?
$\qquad$
e. Roger / Ronda / young / are / and /?
f. Ronda / is / chubby /?

| Name | Age | Weight | Height |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Roger | 19 | 90 Kg | 1.6 m |
| Amy | 68 | 100 Kg | 1.5 m |
| Steven | 25 | 60 Kg | 1.7 m |
| Ronda | 20 | 55 Kg | 1.7 m |

## "包 <br> Lesson 2 <br> We Are All Different

1. Draw Jimmy and Paula's hair, eyes and nose.

This is my English class. Here is Emily! er eyes are small and blue. Her hair is long, wavy and black. Here is Jimmy; his eyes are big and green. His nose is small. His hair is short, straight and blond. Look! they are the Smith brothers. Their hair is long, curly and red. Their eyes are small and brown. Over there is our English teacher. He is bald. His eyes are big and black. This is me; I'm Paula. My hair is long, wavy and black. My nose is big. My eyes are big and blue.
2. Underline the correct word.


This is a photo of my family. This is my mom. She / Her name is Mandy. She / Her (a) dad is my grandpa, José. He / His (b) is 70 years old. My grandma is Sophia. She / Her (c) is short and thin and she / her (d) hair is gray. This is my dad, Paul. He / His (e) is tall and handsome. They /Their (f) are my siblings. They / Their (g) names are George and Sandy. This is we / our (h) dog. It / Its (i) name is Snoopy. I / My (j) name is Fabian. I / My (k) am 11 years old. We / Our (I) are a very happy family.
3. Write the correct possessive adjective.

This is $\qquad$ (a) friend Diana and $\qquad$ (b) brother Carlos.

They live with $\qquad$ (c) grandparents. Diane is tall; $\qquad$ (d) hair is long and brown. Carlos is short and $\qquad$ (e) eyes are blue.

We study together at school. $\qquad$ (f) teacher is Mr. Gonzalez. He is tall and $\qquad$ (g) hair is short and grey.

## Word Bank

- her (2x)
- his (2x)
- my
- our
- their

4. Describe the people.

a. What does Nick look like?
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
b. What does Pam look like?
c. What does Amy look like?
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
d. What does Thom look like?
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
5. Now write about yourself.
m $\qquad$ , $\qquad$ and $\qquad$
My hair is $\qquad$ and and

My eyes are $\qquad$ and $\qquad$ My nose is $\qquad$ -.

Lesson 3

## Diverse Families

## 1. Look at the pictures and answer the questions.

a. Is this family big? $\qquad$ .
b. Is this family diverse? $\qquad$ .
c. Where is this family from? $\qquad$ .
d. Is this family small? $\qquad$ .
e. Is this family diverse? $\qquad$ .
f. Where is this family from? $\qquad$

2. Read the texts and match each family with a picture.
a. Monica's family

I'm Monica and I'm 11 years old. My family and I live in Acapulco, Mexico. My family isn't big; we are only three. Tomas is my father and he's very handsome. He is tall and chubby. His hair is wavy and short, and his eyes are small and brown. Helena is my mother. She is pretty, tall and athletic. Her hair is long, straight and black. Her eyes are small. I'm short and my hair is also, long, straight and black. My eyes are black. My family is fantastic!
b. Ana's family

My name is Ana and I live with my big family in Buenos Aires, Argentina. We are seven in my family. My grandparents, Hector and Alicia, are old and short. Their hair is grey and their eyes are green. My father is Enrique. He is handsome, tall and thin. His hair is short and straight, and his eyes are big. My mother's name is Sara. She is young, pretty and short; her hair is long wavy and blond. Her eyes are big. My siblings are Jose and Mariana. Jose is 7 years old and he is short. His hair is short and brown just like my father's. Mariana is a little baby. She is only 1 year old and her hair is red and her eyes are blue. I'm tall. My hair is long straight and blond, and my eyes are blue. I really love my family!

## Reading

3. Write M [Monica) or A (Ana) for each sentence according to the text.
a. Her father is tall and chubby. $\qquad$ d. She lives with her grandparents. $\qquad$
b. Her mother is young. $\qquad$ e. There are seven in her family. $\qquad$
c. There are three in her family. $\qquad$ f. Her mother's hair is long, straight and black. $\qquad$
4. Read the text again. Write the similarities and differences of the two families.


## 5. Answer the questions according to the reading and the family pictures.

a. What does Monica look like?
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
b. What does Ana look like?
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
c. What do Alicia and Hector look like?

1. Make a list of your friends from school. Write adjectives to describe them.

| Description |  |  |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Name | Height and Weight | Hair | Eyes |
| Marco | tall, thin | short, straight <br> brown | small, blue |
| Lina | tall, athetic | long, wavy, <br> black | big, black |
| a. |  |  |  |
| b. |  |  |  |

## Word Bank

- Height: tall, short
- Weight: chubby, athletic, thin
- Hair: long, short, straight, wavy, curly, blond, brown, black, red
- Eyes: big, small, green, blue, brown

2. Use the information above to write sentences about your friends using the connector "and".

Eg. $\frac{\text { Marco is tall and thin. His hair is short, straight and brown. His eyes are small and blue. }}{\text { (height and weight) }}$ (hair)
a. $\qquad$
Writing Strategy
b. $\qquad$

Use and to list attributes.
3. Write a paragraph about your friends using the information above.

These are my friends $\qquad$ , , and $\qquad$ (names)

This is $\qquad$ (name) $\qquad$ (height and weight)
$\qquad$ (hair) (eyes)

This is $\qquad$ (name) $\qquad$ (height and weight)
$\qquad$ (hair) $\qquad$ (eyes)

This is $\qquad$ (name) $\qquad$ (height and weight)

## mom Lesson 4 Keep an Eye On

1. Look at the pictures. Complete the colloquial expressions.

b. I'm all $\qquad$

c. I'm up to my $\qquad$
a. Keep an $\qquad$ on
2. Match each situation with the correct colloquial expression from the exercise above.


I'm very busy.


Pay attention to my bag.


Listen to me very carefully.
3. Complete the following conversations with the most appropriate expression.

Karen: Hi Helen, are you busy?
Helen:Yes, $\qquad$ (a).

Karen: Sorry, I want to tell you about Susan.
Helen: Ok, $\qquad$ (b).

Karen: Let's go to the cafeteria.
Helen: Ok. Robert, please $\qquad$ (c).

Robert: Sure, I'll pay attention to it.
Helen: Let's go Karen.


## Lesson 1

What's on at the Cinema?

1. Complete the cultural agenda using the information from the posters.

Radio Host: Welcome to our radio program: What's on at the cinema!

This week our Cinema Club presents some fantastic movies that you cannot miss!

You can see an $\qquad$ movie. It's
on $\qquad$ (a) at ten o'clock and
on
(b) at There is also a
fantastic half past four. $\qquad$ (c)
on
(d) and on
(e) at half past seven.

These are some of the movies for this week. Thank you my friends. Now, let us go to the commercials...

2. Complete the conversations with the correct time. Use the flyers from exercise 1.


## 3. Complete the conversations.



Boy: Excuse me sir! What

Man: It's
Boy: Thank you!


Girl: Mom, I'm late.
Mom: What time is your class?
Girl: $\qquad$ (d)

Mom: You should take a cab!

4. What's on TV this weekend? Complete the conversation with the correct preposition on or at.

Charlie: Ana, what's on TV this weekend?
Ana: Let me see. Hmm, $\qquad$ (a) Monday, we can see an action movie.

Charlie: What's it called?
Ana: It is called Terminator Salvation. And it is $\qquad$ (b) half past two.

Charlie: What about Tuesday and Wednesday?
Ana: $\qquad$ (c) Tuesday $\qquad$ (d) half past six, we can see a science fiction movie, Avatar, and $\qquad$ (e) Wednesday, a horror movie $\qquad$ (f) eight ${ }^{\circ}$ 'clock.

Charlie: No way! I prefer animated.
Ana: Oh, $\qquad$ $(\mathrm{g})$ the weekend there is an animated movie.

Charlie: What's it called?
Ana: Happy Feet 2. It is $\qquad$ (h) half past two $\qquad$ (i)

Saturday, and $\qquad$ (j) five o'clock $\qquad$ (k) Sunday.

Charlie: It sounds perfect!

## Lesson 2 <br> Cultural Events

1. Label the posters with the correct cultural event. Use the Word Bank.


## Word

 Bank- Exhibition (2X)
- Festival (2X)
- Concert


2. Read the sentences and complete the grammar conclusion. Use the Word Bank.


On Wednesday at noon painting
(e)
a. This year starts with the theatre festival in February and March. (use in for $\qquad$ ).
b. The food festival this year is on October $23^{\text {rd }}$ (use on for $\qquad$ )
c. The concert is in the afternoon (use in for $\qquad$ ) at five o'clock (use at for a
$\qquad$ _)
d. The painting exhibition is at noon ( use at for $\qquad$ ) on Wednesday (use on for
$\qquad$ ).
3. Complete the text. Use the Word Bank.

This year there are some cultural events in the city. First, the food festival is $\qquad$ (a) April 11th. It is $\qquad$ (b) the morning and there are different chefs from many countries. Second, the Da Vinci Art Exhibition is $\qquad$ (c) June. It is $\qquad$ (d) the afternoon (e) 3:00. Third, The film festival is planned for three days__ (f) September. It is ___ (g) night and there are many movies from throughout the world. These are very interesting events you simply cannot miss!
4. Find the ordinal numbers below for the list on the left.
a. $1^{\text {st }}$ first
b. $2^{\text {nd }}$
c. $3^{\text {rd }}$
d. $4^{\text {th }}$
e. $5^{\text {th }}$
f. $6^{\text {th }}$
g. $7^{\text {th }}$
h. $8^{\text {th }}$
i. $9^{\text {th }}$
j. $10^{\text {th }}$ $\qquad$
k. $20^{\text {th }}$ $\qquad$
I. $21^{\text {st }}$ $\qquad$
m. $22^{\text {nd }}$ $\qquad$
n. $30^{\text {th }}$ $\qquad$
o. $31^{\text {st }}$ $\qquad$
5. Play with a partner. Take turns and choose one question. The first person to get 5 correct answers is the winner.

What is the eighth month of the year?

1. August
2. July

What month is Saint Valentine's?

1. It's in February.
2. It's in January.

What is the tenth month?

d
What month is Mother's Day?

1. September
2. October
3. It's in March.
4. It's in May.

What is the sixth month?

1. June
2. July

When is New Year's Day?

1. It's on December $31^{\text {st }}$.
2. It's on January $1^{\text {st }}$.

When is Halloween?

1. It's on October $31^{\text {st. }}$.
2. It's on November $1^{\text {st. }}$.

## Lesson Famous Fests

## 1. Look at the pictures and complete the sentences.

a. $\qquad$

Word Bank

- writer
- costume
- make-up
- play
- singer
d.
e.


2. Read the text and underline the words from exercise 1.

Book fairs are popular around the world. Latin America is not an exception. There are important international book fairs in Guadalajara (Mexico), Bogota (Colombia), and Buenos Aires (Argentina). Bogota International Book Fair and Buenos Aires International Book Fair are both in April. Guadalajara International Book Fair is in November. All three fairs have events in common.

The first one is the exhibition of books from around the world. People get in touch with writers; who often write their autographs in the books and take photographs with their readers.

The second one is the performances of singers and actors. Latin American singers perform their songs. Their concerts are spectacular and people really have fun. Actors wear costumes and make-up to perform plays in public places at the fairs; the plays are fantastic and often related to the stories.

The third one is the photograph and art exhibitions. People can go and admire the exhibitions that come from many countries. Many people come to these fairs and enjoy all the activities and exhibitions for the whole day.
3. Go to the text again and check $\boldsymbol{\checkmark} \mathbf{T}$ [true), F (false) or NI [No information) for the following sentences.
a. Guadalajara International Book Fair is in April.
b. The writers autograph people's books.
c. Singers enjoy the book exhibitions.
d. The actors wear colorful wigs during the performances.
e. People like the photograph and art exhibitions.

| T | F | NI |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |
|  |  |  |

4. Complete the flyers for the three international book fairs.

## Feriolidibro

Date: $\qquad$ (a)

Admire the $\qquad$ (b) of books from all the
continent. Take photographs with $\qquad$ (c), and enjoy the phenomenal performances of (d) and singers.


Feria
Internacional del Libro de Guadalajara
Date:
(e)

You can get in touch with
over the world and get aut
Actors wear autographs from them.
(h) to perform in public.
(g) and $\qquad$
People can $\qquad$ (i) the exhibitions
that come from many different countries.

1. Organize the words in the mind map using the information from the Word Bank.

Word


- Medellin
- flowerfair
- Colombia
- horse parades
- flowers parade
- traditional music concerts
a. $\qquad$ Flower Fair Writing Strategy

Use mind maps to organize information before you write.

## (Activities)

2. Look at the chart with the Flower Fair program and design a flyer.

Flower Fair

## The Flower Fair in Medellin, Colombia.

Come in the morning and enjoy a flower parade on Friday at eight o'clock. A classic car exhibition on (long period)

Saturday at half past ten. A jazz and bolero concert on Sunday at eleven o'clock.
Come $\qquad$ and enjoy
(long period)
$\qquad$
Come $\qquad$ and enjoy

1. Write the characteristics of each expression using words from the Word Bank.
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$

## Culture Vulture


a.
2. Complete the conversations with the correct expression:

Adele: Look, Robert is at the party!


Flavor of the month

b.


Word Bank

- center of attention - art lover
- popular
- fond of painting • famous
- sociable

Kalie: Yes. He is very sociable and seems to be center of attention. He is the
$\qquad$ (a)!

Adele: Really? But he is an art lover and he is fond of painting. He is a
$\qquad$ (b) at school.

Kalie: Listen to that song! It's popular right now! l listen to it everywhere.

Adele: Yes, it is! It's the
(c)

Kalie: Wow, it is fantastic. This band is in fashion every year!


## UNIT

# Lesson 1 <br> What Are You Doing? 

1. Label the pictures to complete the sentences. Use the Word Bank.


He is__eating (a) a sandwich.


He is
$\qquad$ in the park.

Word Bank

- going • listening • running • talking • riding • walking • skating


Vocabulary Strategy

Use pictures to remember new words.
3. Complete the diary entry. Use the Present Progressive tense of the verbs in parentheses.

4. Look at the picture and answer the questions.


## E.g. What is Lucia doing?

## She is running.

a. What are Ron and William doing?
b. What is Edward doing?
c. What is Ron eating?
d. Is William eating ice-cream?
e. Is Rafael walking his dog?
f. Is Carrie riding a bicycle?
g. Is Lucia talking on the phone?
$\qquad$

## Lesson 2

Street Fashion

1. Unscramble the words to find eight items of clothing.
E.g. toac
coat
d. pispersl
a. rafsc $\qquad$ e. volges
b. karenses $\qquad$ f. hesos
c. raweste
g. trisk
pers।
s
sk
$\qquad$
2. Color the people's clothes in the picture and complete the report. Use different colors.


Hi everybody! Today I'm out on the street to talk about street fashion. This young girl is wearing a
(a) blouse, a (b) skirt, with $\qquad$ (c) shoes and a
hat. I'm wearing a $\qquad$ (e) t-shirt, a
$\qquad$ (f) jacket, $\qquad$ (g) pants,
(h) sneakers. $\qquad$ We are really in fashion!

3. What are they wearing? Cut two pictures from a magazine or newspaper (a man and a woman) and paste the pictures in the spaces. Describe what she or he is wearing.
4. Underline the correct word, plural or singular, to complete the text correctly.

In this shop there are many beautiful clothes to choose. For example, this black and white jacket / jackets is very nice and this scarf / scarves (a) is fantastic. Look over there, that hat / hats (b) is cool and those long shirt / shirts (c) are great. But what I really like is that gray coat / coats (d) over there.

5. Complete the dialog with the correct demonstrative pronouns. Use the Word Bank and the words in bold as clues.

## Word Bank

- this - these ( 2 X )
- that - those ( $2 X$ )


Customer: Excuse me, can I see $\qquad$ shirt over there?

Salesperson: Of course, $\qquad$ (a) shirt and $\qquad$ (b) pants over here are in fashion now Customer: They're great! Can I see $\qquad$ (c) sneakers over there, too?

Salesperson: Right $\qquad$ (d) sneakers are nice, but $\qquad$ (e) boots over here look better with the shirt and the pants.

Customer: Ok, so l'll take the shirt, the pants and the boots. Thank you very much.

## 6. Underline the mistakes. Then, rewrite the sentences correctly.

E.g. I really like these blouses over there.
I really like those blouses over there
a. My parents is running in the park.
e. Oscar prefers these cap over here.
b. That shoes are for special occasions.
f. Brian is rideing bicycle with his friends.
c. My sister is listen to music in the street.
g. That blue pants are perfect for me.

## Less Lesson 3

What's the Weather Like?

1. Look at the pictures and complete the text.
E.g. In

the weather is
 people wear coats, hats and gloves.
(a) In $\qquad$ , the weather is
 and

wear jeans and T- shirts.
(b) In
 the weather is $\qquad$
 and
 , so people wear hats and sunglasses.
(c) In $\qquad$ En the weather is $\qquad$ so and $\quad$ =, so
people wear sweaters, boots and scarves.

## 2. Read the texts below.

What's up! I'm reporting from the Puyehue National Park, in Chile. It's winter. The weather is very cold and snowy, so the people are wearing winter jackets, gloves, scarves and boots. Right now, I see a lot of people. They are doing different activities. They are playing winter sports, such as skiing and snowboarding.

Hi! Today, I'm reporting from my city Cartagena, in Colombia. The weather is sunny and hot, so the people are doing different activities; they are walking on the beach, and playing summer sports, such as volleyball. Boys are wearing shorts, caps, and sunglasses, and girls are wearing skirts, T -shirts, sandals and sunglasses. The weather is fantastic for having a good time.
3. Draw to answer the questions below. Use the pictures from exercise 1 and from the Word Bank.

4. Read the following sentences and write T (true) or F (false) according to the text. Correct the false sentences.
a. People in Santiago are wearing shorts, T-shirts and sunglasses.
b. People in Cartagena are playing soccer and walking on the beach.
c. People in Santiago are playing summer sports.
d. People in Cartagena are playing volleyball and walking on the beach.

## Writing

1. Choose a photograph from a previous vacation and use it to complete the information.

2. Look at your photograph, and write some sentences to describe what the people are wearing.
E.g.: This is my father, he is wearing a T-shirt, a cap and shorts.
3. Now describe the different activities people are doing in the photograph.
E.g.: My father is playing soccer with my brothers and me.
4. Use the information in exercise 1 to write some sentences using so.

The weather in Cartagena is hot, so my family is playing on the beach.
The weather in Cusco is cold, so we are wearing sweaters and gloves.
a. $\qquad$
b.
c. $\qquad$

## Writing Strategy

Use so to talk about the result or consequence of an action. Use a comma before you write it.
5. Write a paragraph using the information from exercises 1 and 2.

This is
(place). It is $\qquad$ (season).The weather is, $\qquad$
$\qquad$ so $\qquad$
$\qquad$ (clothes you are wearing)
In $\qquad$ (place), the weather is $\qquad$ so
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$

1. Replace the words in parentheses. Use the Word Bank.


- in fashion
- take my hat off

They $\qquad$ (b.
collaborate) with Martin. He is very intelligent.

## Word Bank

- work hand in glove


## 2. Read the text and write the expression in the correct place.

I'm doing the science project for this week. I'm working
(a) with my friend Daniel. He is very creative.

I $\qquad$ (b) to Daniel. We are designing a robot. It is a fashionable robot, so it is wearing a jacket, a shirt, a T-shirt, a scarf, jeans, a hat and sneakers. It is $\qquad$ (c) That is our project!
3. Complete the sentences.
a. $\qquad$ is in fashion.
(a singer)
b. I take my hat off to $\square$
(a famous writer)
c. I work hand in glove with $\square$ in
(classmate)
$\square$ class.
(subject)

1. Label the pictures in the map. Use the places from the Word Bank.


## Word Bank

a. church
b. movie theater
c. bank
d. library
e. city hall
f. museum
g. art gallery
h. mall
i. drugstore
j. grocery store
k. zoo
l. gas station
m. parking lot
n. police station
2. Write the correct preposition of place according to the pictures. Use the Word Bank.

Word Bank

a.

- between • across from • next to • behind • on the corner of • on

b.

c.

e. $\qquad$


d. $\qquad$



## 3. Look at the map from exercise 1 and complete the conversation. Use the Word Bank.

Tourist: Good morning officer! Can I ask you a few questions?
Police officer: Yes, of course!
T: Are there any movie theaters in the city?
P.O:Yes, there is. There is one $\qquad$ (a) the art gallery on Fourth Street.

T: Great! I also need a mechanic! Is there a garage near here?
P.O: No, there isn't, but there is a gas station $\qquad$ (b) the mall

T: Thank you! Sorry, one more question. Are there any banks in the area?
P.O: Yes, there is. It is $\qquad$ (c) Fourth Street,
(d) the grocery store and the drugstore.
T: Perfect! Is there a botanical garden in the city?

## Word

 Bank- between
- across from
- nextto
- on the corner of
- on (2X)
- behind
P.O: No, there isn't, but there is a zoo $\qquad$ (e) Second Street, $\qquad$ the library.
Tourist: Ok, and a church, is there a church in the city?
P.O: Yes, there is one $\qquad$ (g) Third Street and Eleventh Avenue. It is next to the police station!
T:Thank you very much for your help.


## 4. Look at the map from exercise 1 and find the right place according to the answer.

a. Tourist: Excuse me sir! Is there a $\qquad$ in the city?
Police officer:Yes, there is one on Third Street. It's across from the city hall. Tourist: Thanks for your help!
b. Tourist: Excuse me Sir, is there a $\qquad$ in the city? Police officer: Of course, there is one on the corner of Ninth Avenue and Fourth Street; it's next to the art gallery in front of the museum. Tourist: Thank you!
c. Tourist: Is there a $\qquad$ near here? Police officer: There is one across from the city hall. Tourist: Thanks. I really appreciate your help!
d. Tourist: Is there a $\qquad$ in the area?
Police officer: Yes, there is one on Second Street. It's in front of the gas station. Tourist: Thank you very much!
5. Complete the description of the city. Use there is - there are - there isn't - there aren't.

My name is Ralph and I live in River City. $\qquad$ (a) many places in my town.
(b) the city hall in the center of the town. (e) any botanical garden either.
(d) any post offices, and $\qquad$ Instead, $\qquad$ (f) a zoo. (g) a library. $\qquad$ (h) two
great museums. $\qquad$ (i) a famous art gallery. This is my city!

## Bank 1

a. post office
b. fire station
c. school
d. tech shop professions in Word Bank 2 with the corresponding place.
e. restaurant
f. airport
g. hotel
h. mechanic's garage
i. hospital

2. Label the traffic signs. Use the imperatives from the Word Bank.


Affirmative Imperatives

c. $\qquad$ d.


e. $\qquad$ Bank

- turn right
- don't go straight
- turn left
- go straight
- walk
- don't turn left
- don't turn right

Negative Imperatives

3. Use the city map from exercise 1 to organize and number the directions.
 Vocabulary Strategy Use maps to practice giving directions to get to places.
a. Fire Fighter: To go to the fire station from the hotel on 22nd Street and) $9{ }^{\text {th }}$ Avenue you need to: Turn left on $20^{\text {th }}$ Street 4
$\qquad$
Turn right on $8^{\text {th }}$ Avenue $\qquad$
Go straight one block on $22^{\text {nd }}$ street $\qquad$
Walk two blocks $\qquad$
Walk one more block $\qquad$
The Fire Station is across the street from the hospital.
b. Doctor: To go to the hospital from the airport on Twenty First Street you need to: Walk one block 3 $\qquad$ Turn left on $20^{\text {th }}$ Street $\qquad$ Turn left $\qquad$ Walk one block on $21^{\text {st }}$ Street $\qquad$
 The hospital is on the corner of $20^{\text {th }}$ Street and $7^{\text {th }}$ Avenue.
c. Teacher: To get to the school from the restaurant on 22nd Street you should: Walk two blocks 2

Walk straight and turn right on $7^{\text {th }}$ Avenue $\qquad$ Turn right on $20^{\text {st }}$ Street $\qquad$
The school is across the street from the mechanic's garage.
d. Cook: To get to my restaurant from the post office on $20^{\text {th }}$ Street you need to:
Turn right on $21^{\text {st }}$ Street $\quad 3$
Walk straight and turn left on $8^{\text {th }}$ Avenue $\qquad$ Go straight one block $\qquad$
The restaurant in on the corner.
4. Help these people to get to their destinations. Write the directions according to the map and the person who gives the answer.
a. Systems engineer: Excuse me, I'm new in town. Can you tell me how to get to the new tech shop? Pilot: Sure! $\qquad$
b. Fire Fighter: Excuse me, I'm new in town. How can I get to the Fire Station?

Postal employee: $\qquad$
c. Receptionist: I'm new in town. How can I get to the hotel?

Postal employee: $\qquad$
d. Teacher: Sorry! I'm new in town. I need to get to the school, how can I get there?

Receptionist: $\qquad$

1. Match the pictures with one of the cities in the Word Bank. Then, read to check your answers.

Word Bank

- Tokyo
- Sydney
- Barcelona



## 2. Read the text and choose the appropriate heading for each paragraph.


a. Tokyo is a very modern city in Japan. There are many places that portray the electronic revolution that this city has gone through in recent times. For example, there is a famous building which is home to many television and radio stations, called the Tokyo Sky Tree. It is an amazing metal tower that reaches a mile into the sky. In Tokyo there are many bustling streets and crossings; as well as thousands of lights and screens around. One of them is Shibuya Crossing, an intersection millions of people cross in each year. All these elements make Tokyo a technological city, but there are also many traditional places to visit and learn about history and traditions too.

Stop and think: What heading best describes paragraph a?

1. A High-Tech City
2. An Old City
3. A City with a Tower
b. Barcelona in Spain is a city of contrasts; there is not only modern architecture, but classic architecture, too. This city is full of exotic buildings to visit. There are no other buildings like these anywhere else in the world. Two of these buildings are the Sagrada Familia and Casa Milá. The first one is a very big and beautiful church with a fantastic design. The second one is an artistic and modern building with lots of art pieces to see. Hundreds of thousands of people visit these places in Barcelona each year.

Stop and think: What heading best describes paragraph c?

1. The Spanish City
2. Extraordinarily unique Architecture
3. Classic Houses
c. Sydney is a varied city located in Australia. There are lots of things to do there, especially on vacation. For example, there are many kilometers of beaches full of white sand. These sandy beaches are perfect to practice aquatic sports or just relax. Sydney is full of sportspeople, but many tourists go there for its famous building, the Sydney Opera House. It is a fantastic building where artists perform opera and theater plays and musicians perform their songs. This variety makes Sydney a fantastic place to visit.

Stop and think: What heading describe paragraph b?

1. A City of Contrast
2. A Sports City
3. Perfect The Vacation Destination
4. Go back to the text. Match the words in bold from the text with their synonyms. Use context clues to help.
a. exotic $\qquad$ 1. maritime
b. bustling
__ 2. busy
c. contrasts
d. amazing
e. aquatic
_ 3. opposites
a 4. strange

5. Read the sentences, underline the mistakes about the cities and correct them.
E.g. There are some classic and modern buildings in Sydney. There are some classic and modern buildings in Barcelona.
a. There isn't any place to relax in Sydney.
b. There aren't many lights or screens on the streets of Tokyo.
c. Casa Milá, located in in Tokyo, is famous for its artistic and modern style.
d. Shibuya Crossing is a very popular street in Sydney full of lights and screens.
e. There are only modern and exotic buildings in Barcelona.
6. Write sentences using the prompts and connect them with but.
E.g. Tokyo - bustling streets - sandy beaches.

InTokyo, there are bustling streets, but there aren't any sandy beaches.
a. Barcelona - Classic buildings - Opera House
b. Sydney - Opera House - tall tower
c. Sydney - places to practice aquatic sports - lots of streets full of technology


1. Design your own city. Complete the spaces with the places you like.

You can repeat them twice. Use the Word Bank.

| a. $\qquad$ <br> b. $\qquad$ | F I R | c. <br> d. | S E C |  | school <br> library | T H nin |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | S | - FIRSTAVENUE | 0 |  |  | R |
| e. <br> f. $\qquad$ <br> g. $\qquad$ | T <br>  <br> S | city Hall <br> square | N | h. |  | D 1 S T |
|  | R | - SECOND AVENUE | T |  |  | R |
| school <br> bank | E | j. <br> k. <br> I. | ITII |  |  | E E T |
| ---------- |  | -- THIRDAVENUE |  |  | ---- |  |

## Word

 Bank- airport
- hospital
- museum
- church
- hotel
- zoo
- police station
- tech shop
- restaurant
- city hall
- movie theater

2. Describe your city. Use there is - there are - there isn't - there aren't.
E.g. City Hall:
a. School:
b. Zoo:
c. Library:
3. Complete the questions with places from the map. Write the directions to answer the questions.
E.g. You are in the bank. How do you get to the library?

| b. You are in | How do you get to |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Direction: | . How do you get to |  |
| c. You are in |  |  |
| Direction |  |  |

4. Use but to contrast the places on your map with those from the Word Bank that are not included.
a. In my city there is a city hall, but there isn't a $\qquad$

b. There $\qquad$ , $\qquad$
c. $\qquad$ $\longrightarrow$

## Writing Strategy <br> Use but to contrast ideas.

5. Write a description of your city.

In my city, there $\qquad$ , and $\qquad$ There $\qquad$ _.

There $\qquad$ , and $\qquad$ There is a $\qquad$ but there isn't a
$\qquad$ There is a $\qquad$ but there isn't a $\qquad$ To get to the $\qquad$ from the To get to the $\qquad$ from the $\qquad$ This is my city!

## $\ldots$ <br> Lesson 4 Wonders of the Word

1. Write the missing letters to complete the expressions. Use the Word Bank.

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \text { O. w__rth __ts w___ght __ } \mathrm{n} \text { g__Id } \\
& \text { O. o__ t__e__a__ } \\
& \text { C. s__ic_cs o__t a m____ }
\end{aligned}
$$

## Word Bank

- e (2X)
- h
- U
- m
- t
- p
- $k$
- o (2X)
- n
- $i(4 X)$

2. Rewrite the sentences using one of the expressions from exercise 1.

a. The Eiffel Tower in Paris, France, is a visible place.
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
3. Look for places in your country that match the description.
a. sticks out a mile: $\qquad$
b. on the map:
c. worth its weight in gold:
b. The Statue of Liberty is a famous place.
c. Rapa Nui National park in Chile is a very valuable place.
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$

## Lesson 1

A Mepudr DV

1. This is Diana's Routine. Match each action with the picture. Use the Word Bank.
a. go to bed
d. get home
g. have dinner
b. take a shower
e. do homework
h. go to school
c. have breakfast
f. watch TV
i. getup
j. surf the internet
k. have lunch

2. Complete Diana's routine using the verbs from exercise 1. Use time as clues.

Hello, my name is Diana. My day starts very early, I $\qquad$ (a) at six o'clock. I always
$\qquad$ (b) at half past six. Then, I $\qquad$ (c) at about seven. I go to school every morning at half past seven, and । $\qquad$ (d) at twelve o'clock. In the afternoon, I $\qquad$
(e) at half past twelve. Then I $\qquad$ (f) at three o'clock. At five o'clock, I $\qquad$
and chat with some friends. I $\qquad$ (h) at seven o'clock. An hour later, I $\qquad$ (i)
with my family. Finally, I $\qquad$ (j) at nine o'clock. This is my routine on weekdays!

E.g. Harry and Lucy go to school don't go to school on the weekend (go to school).

Harry and Lucy $\qquad$ late on weekdays, but they $\qquad$ late on the weekends (a. get up). They $\qquad$ on weekdays, but they $\qquad$ on
weekends (b. watch TV). They $\qquad$ on Saturdays, but they $\qquad$ on Sundays (c. go to the movies). Harry and Lucy on Sunday, but they
$\qquad$ video games on Saturday (d. play video games). They $\qquad$ on the weekends, but they $\qquad$ on weekdays (e. do homework).
4. Write the questions to the following sentences.
E.g. Do you get up at 7:00 AM ?

Yes, I do. I get up every day at 7:00 AM.
a. $\qquad$ ?

I go to school at 8:00 every morning.
b. $\qquad$
No, I don't. I have breakfast with my parents on the weekends.
$\qquad$
No, I don't surf the Internet on Sunday.
d. $\qquad$
I go to bed at 8:00 or 9:00 PM.
e. $\qquad$ ?

My parents go to bed at 10:00 PM.
5. Complete the text about your routine. Use time and time expressions as clues to decide between the affirmative or the negative form of the verbs in parentheses.
In the morning, I get up / don't get up (get up) at 6:00 AM. I $\qquad$ (a. have breakfast) and I $\qquad$ (b. take a shower) at 7:00 AM. I $\qquad$ (c. do homework) at 7:30 AM. After that I go to school. I $\qquad$ (d. have lunch) at school. Then, I go home. I (e. play video games) in the afternoon and I $\qquad$ (f. surf the Internet). I also $\qquad$ (g. have dinner) with my family at 8:00 PM. We $\qquad$
(h. watch TV) at night. I $\qquad$ (i. go to bed) at 9:00 PM.

1．Read the interview and complete the text in the Simple Present form．Use the Word Bank．

Word Bank
－play（2X）
－travel
－stay
－go －take

Radio Host：Welcome everybody to our daily program＂The Lifestyle of a VIP＂．Today，our guest is the President of the USA，Barack Obama．Welcome Mr．President．
Barack Obama：Thank you very much for the invitation．I＇m glad to be here．
RH：In this show we ask about people＇s lifestyles，so please tell us，what do you usually do on weekdays？
BO：Well，I get up early every morning and I have breakfast with my family．
Then，I $\qquad$ （a）at the office all day long．
Sometimes，I $\qquad$ （b）abroad to meet other presidents．
RH：And what do you do on the weekends？
BO：At the weekend，I $\qquad$ （c）at home with my family as much as possible．
Sometimes，I $\qquad$ （d）for a walk with my wife，Michelle．
My daughter，Malia，sometimes $\qquad$ （e）out with her friends and Sasha $\qquad$ （f）video games．On Sundays，we $\qquad$ （g）basketball． Then，we watch some movies at home．

RH：Mr．President，we all know you have a lot of activities to do every day． When do you rest？
BO：Well，in the afternoons，I usually $\qquad$ （h）a nap after lunch． I have a very busy life，so I need to rest often to be relaxed．
RH：Mr．President，thank you very much for your time．It＇s been a privilege．
BO：You＇re welcome．See you soon．
RH：This is all for today on our daily program with famous people．

2．Based on the interview，match the phrases to complete the sentences．
a．Barack Obama doesn＇t work 1．abroad to meet other presidents．
b．Sasha Obama plays $\qquad$ 2．at the office on the weekends．
c．Michelle and Barack Obama sometimes go
＿＿3．basketball on Sundays．
d．Barack travels
4．for a walk on the weekends．
e．The Obama family plays
5．videogames on weekends．
3. Classify the verbs in the Word Bank according to their spelling rules for the third person singular.

# Word Bank 

```
•go • play • study • work • hang • stay • travel • do • get • take • watch • surf
```


4. Complete the sentences using the correct form of the verbs in parentheses.
Every morning Paula $\qquad$ (a. get up) at 6:00 AM. She $\qquad$ (b. take) a shower and has breakfast with her parents. She $\qquad$ (c. go) to school in the morning. Later on, Paula $\qquad$ (d. get home) at 2:30 PM. Immediately, she $\qquad$ (e. do) her homework. After that, she is very tired, so she $\qquad$ (f. take) a nap. Paula $\qquad$ (g. not watch) TV in the evenings, but she $\qquad$
(h. surf) the Internet and chats with her friends. At 8:00 PM, Paula $\qquad$ (i. have dinner) with her parents. On the weekend, Paula $\qquad$ (j. not stay) at home and she $\qquad$ (k. not have breakfast) with her family. She $\qquad$ (I. walk) her dog in the park. She meets some friends and
$\qquad$ (m. play) basketball. Then, they have breakfast together. In the afternoon, she
( n . hang out) with her brothers and sisters. Finally, they all go home together.
5. Read and complete the dialog with the correct question. Use the questions in the box.

Ann: My favorite actor is Robert Pattinson!
Sarah: OMG! He's my favorite actor, too! I know everything about him!
Ann: Wow! $\square$
Sarah: Well, I know that he goes for a walk in the park with his dog Patty every day!

Ann: $\square$
Sarah: No, he doesn't stay at home. He hangs out with his friends.
Ann:Isee! $\square$
Sarah: Yes, he does. He likes the Internet because he chats with his fans.
Ann: Really?


Sarah: In the afternoon, he stays at home and watches TV.
Ann: Great! I really want to meet him someday!

## Questions Box

a. And, does he usually surf the Internet?
b. What does he do in the afternoons?
c. Does he stay at home on weekends?
d. What does he do in his free time?

1. Complete the descriptions with the appropriate personality adjective. Use the Word Bank.

This is Joaquin. He has many friends. He is $\qquad$ (a). He speaks with his friends all the time. He is $\qquad$ (b).

This is Christina. She has a big imagination. She is $\qquad$ (c). She doesn't like speaking in public. She is $\qquad$ (d).

She is calm and waits for a long time when her dogs play in the park. She is $\qquad$ (e).

They are Bonkers and Berniss, Christina's dogs. Bonkers likes playing and running. He is very (f). He sometimes fights with other dogs, so he can be a little $\qquad$ (g). Berniss doesn't like running. She is $\qquad$ (h). Christina's dogs are small and beautiful. They are just $\qquad$ (i).
2. Read and complete the text with the connectors in the Word Bank.

- finally (2X)
- first
- then (2X)


## Word Bank

## Word Bank

- creative
- patient
- lazy
- energetic
- talkative
- lovely
- friendly
- aggressive
- shy


## A Day in the Life of Joaquin and Christina

Joaquin is 13 years old. He lives on a farm in the countryside. He gets up early, at 4:00 AM. He takes a shower and has a big breakfast with his family. Then, he works on his family farm. Joaquin has lots of things to do in the morning.

First (a), he feeds the animals. $\qquad$ (b), he goes to school and stays there until 2:00 PM.

Joaquin is very friendly and talkative, so he has many friends. In the afternoon, he hangs out with them. They don't have computers at home, so they don't surf the Internet. They play sports instead.
(c), Joaquin gets home and feeds the animals on the farm again. In the evening, he has dinner and watches TV with his family. $\qquad$ (d), he goes to bed at 8:00 PM. The next morning, he gets up at 4:00 AM and starts over again.

Christina is 13 years old. She lives in a big city with her family and her friendly dogs Bonkers and Berniss. Bonkers is very energetic, so he likes playing, running and jumping. Berniss, on the contrary, is very lazy, so she doesn't like running or jumping, but she does love playing with Christina. Every morning, Christina follows the same routine. $\qquad$ (e), she gets up at 7:00 AM. to walk her dogs in the park. $\qquad$ (f), she has a small breakfast and goes to school. She stays there until noon. Christina is very shy, so she doesn't have many friends. She gets home at 2:00 PM and stays with her dogs. In the afternoon, Christina goes to the park again to play with them. $\qquad$ (g),
she goes back home and does her homework. Her dogs take a nap. $\qquad$ (h), in the evening, Christina feeds her dogs again, watches TV and reads some stories to her dogs. At 9:00 PM, she goes to bed and waits for the next day to arrive.
3. Write the name to complete the description.
a. $\qquad$ has two dogs.
b. $\qquad$ has a big breakfast.
c. $\qquad$ gets up very early in the morning.
d. $\qquad$ hangs out with friends.
e. $\qquad$ goes to the park every morning.
f. $\qquad$ doesn't have many friends.
4. Write the complete answer to the questions.
a. What time does Joaquin get up?
b. What time does Christina get home?
c. What do Joaquin and Christina both do in the evening?
d. Does Joaquin surf the Internet?
e. Does Christina hang out with friends in the afternoon?
f. What is Bonkers like?
g. What does Berniss like doing?
h. What is Joaquin like?
i. What is Christina like?
j. What does Joaquin do with his friends in the afternoon?
5. Choose the correct option to complete the sentences about Christina and Joaquin.
a. Joaquin lives in
a city. the countryside.
a small village.
d. Christina lives ina city.the countryside.
a small village.
b. Joaquin has
many friends.
a computer.
Oadog.
e. Joaquin has
a small breakfast.
a big breakfast.
no breakfast.
c. Christina reads stories toher parents.
her friends.
her dogs.
f. Christina has
a small breakfast.
a big breakfast.
no breakfast.

1. Complete this routine using the connectors in the Word Bank.

In the morning, my father does many activities. $\qquad$ (a), he has breakfast and takes a shower. $\qquad$ (b), he goes for a walk on the street.
(c), he gets home and takes a nap. $\qquad$ (d), he has
lunch and goes to work.
2. Talk to your best friend and ask her / him about her / his routine. Classify and organize the activities in the Word Bank by underlining the morning

Word Bank

- After that
- First
- Then
- Finally activities in blue, the afternoon activities in green, and the evening activities in red.
- go to bed
- have dinner
- take a shower
- have breakfast
- get home
- do homework
- go to school
- get up
- surf the internet
- have lunch
- go for a walk
- play video games
- study
- work at an office
- hang out with friends


## Word Bank

- stay at home
- do homework
- take a nap
- watch TV

3. Write a paragraph to describe your friend's routine with the information you organized above.

## Writing Strategy

Use a flow chart to organize the information before you write.


1. Look at the pictures and check the definition that best describes the colloquial expressions in bold.

a. I sleep like a log on the weekends.1. I sleep profoundly.2. I get up quickly.
2. I am very active.
b. I jump out of bed when the alarm clock rings.
3. I stay in bed for a while longer.
4. I sleep many more hours.
5. I get up quickly.

c. I crawl out of bed every day.1. I get out of bed slowly and grumpily.1. I get up quickly.1. I sleep many hours.
6. Complete each text with one expression. from the exercise above.
a. I'm Michael. My alarm clock rings at half past five in the morning. I $\qquad$ an hour later, so I get up at seven o' clock.
b. I really enjoy sleeping. Every day, my mother wakes me up at about seven o'clock, but I $\qquad$ so I get up late for school every morning.
c. I'm a very active and energetic person. I really like getting up early. As the alarm clock rings at 5:00 AM, I
$\qquad$ and I go for a walk to the park with my dogs.

A-D
M - P

## Dictionary

E-H
Q-T

I-L
U-Z
${ }_{68}$

## Unit 1

* The World We Want http://www.unicef.org/post2015/files/TWWW_A4_Single_Page_LowRes_English.pdf
* At School
https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=oROsbaxWHoM


## Unit 2

* Family https://learnenglishkids.britishcouncil.org/en/category/topics/family
* Young People and Social Media
https://backchannel.com/a-teenagers-view-on-social-media-1df945cogac6\#.6cowt4jl2


## Unit 3

* About Leisure
http://learnenglish.britishcouncil.org/en/uk-culture/leisure
* Free Time for Kids http://learnenglishteens.britishcouncil.org/skills/listening-skills-practice/free-time


## UNIT 4

* English Culture
https://www.teachingenglish.org.uk/teaching-teens
* Style
http://www.kidzworld.com/me/style


## Unit 5

* American Cities
http://theculturetrip.com/north-america/usa/articles/10-most-beautiful-cities-in-the-usa/
* Beautiful Places and Cities of the World https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=2GtLvz67LOs
* 22 Beautiful Cities
https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=mVLnw23S1-A


## Unit 6

* Routines http://www.vocabulary.cl/Lists/Daily_Routines.htm
* Lifestyles http://www.listenaminute.com///lifestyle.html


## Unit 1

Grammar Chart

## SIMPLE PRESENT TENSE WITH THE VERB TO BE

Use the verb to be to give personal information: name, origin, age, nationality and phone number.

| Subject pronoun | To be | Complement |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| I | am | Diana. |
| You | are | from China. |
| It | is | 3890990624. |
| He | is | Greek. |
| She | is | 13 years old. |

CONTRACTIONS

I'm Diana.

You're from China.

It's 3890990624.

He's Greek.

She's 13 years old

## Notes on the use of pronouns

I Write the pronoun "I" in a capital letter.
She Use it to refer to a woman or a girl.
He Use it to refer to a man or a boy.

It Use it to refer to an animal, object or thing.

## INFORMATION QUESTIONS

| Question word | To be | Complement | Answers |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| What | is | your name? | My name is Michelle. |
|  | is | your phone number? | It's 318931549. |
| How | are | you? | I'm fine, thanks. |
|  | is | he / she? | $\mathrm{He} /$ She is fine. |
| How old | are | you? | I'm 12 years old. |
|  | is | he / she? | He/She is 13 years old. |
| Where | are | you from? | I'm from France. |
|  | is | he / she from? | He/She is from England |

## Unit 2

 Grammar Chart

## Unit 3

Grammar Chart


## Unit 4

 Grammar ChartPRESENT PROGRESSIVETENSE
Use the present progressive tense to talk about actions happening now or at the moment of speaking.

| Affirmative |  |  |  | Negative |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Subject | To be | Verb-ing | Complement | Subject | To be + not | Verb-ing | Complement |
| 1 | am | talking | on the phone. | I | am not | talking | on the phone. |
| You | are | listening | to music. | You | are not | listening | to music. |
| He | is | walking | the dog. in the park. |  | is not | walking | the dog. in the park. |
| She |  |  |  | She |  |  |  |
| It |  |  |  | It |  |  |  |
| We | are | riding | a bike. | We | are not | riding | a bike. |
| You |  |  |  | You |  |  |  |
| They |  |  |  | They |  |  |  |


| Yes/No Questions |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| To be | Subject | Verb-ing | Complement |
| Am | I | listening | to music? |
| Are | you | studying | English? |
| Is | he | going | to the park? |
|  | she |  |  |
|  | it |  |  |
| Are | we | eating | an ice cream? |
|  | you |  |  |
|  | they |  |  |


| Affirmative Answers |  | Negative Answers |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Yes, | 1 am . | No, | I am not. |
|  | 1 am . |  | I am not. |
|  | he is. |  | he isn't. |
|  | she is. |  | she isn't. |
|  | it is. |  | it isn't. |
|  | we are. |  | we aren't. |
|  | we are. |  | we aren't. |
|  | they are. |  | they aren't. |


| Information Questions |  |  |  | Spelling rules -ing form |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Wh-questions | To be am | Subject I | doing? | Add -ing | walk - walking <br> eat-eating | go - going |
| What | are | you |  | Drop -e and | ride - riding | skate - skating |
|  | is | he / she / it |  | add-ing | write - writing |  |
| Where | am | I | going? | Double | run - running <br> sit - sitting | put - putting |
|  | are | you |  | consonant and |  |  |
|  | is | he / she / it |  | add -ing |  |  |


| DEMONSTRATIVE PRONOUNS |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Use demonstrative pronouns to indicate the location (near-far) of things. |  |  |  |
|  | Singular | Plural | Here: In this place. |
| Near | This is a scarf. | These are black shoes. |  |
|  | Is this a sweater? | Are these shirts? | 12 |
|  | What is this? | What are these? |  |
| Far | That is a skirt. | Those are blue boots. | There: In that place. |
|  | Is that a coat? | Are those sneakers? | $\cdots$ |
|  | What is that? | What are those? |  |



Unit 6
Grammar Chart


Most texts included in these books are the result of the authors' creativity and academic background. In specific cases, the texts were based on the following online sources:

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* Lionel Messi. Retrieved from: https://es.wikipedia.org/wiki/Lionel_Messi
* Emma Watson. Retrieved from: http://www.lifetimetv.co.uk/biography/biography-emma-watson


## Unit 3

* Rock in Rio. Retrieved from: https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Rock_in_Rio
* Cannes Film Festival. Retrieved from: http://www.festival-cannes.fr/en/about/aboutFestivalHistory.html
* Rock al parque. Retrieved from: http://www.rockalparque.gov.co/
* Theater Festival. Retrieved from: http://festivaldeteatro.com.co/
* World Tango Festival. Retrieved from: http://www.festivales.gob.ar/es/tango


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* Tokyo. Retrieved from: http://www.japan-guide.com/e/e2164.html
* Barcelona. Retrieved from: http://www.barcelona-tourist-guide.com/es/barrio/el-raval-barrio.html
* Rio de Janeiro. Retrieved from: https://es.wikipedia.org/wiki/R\�\�o_de_Janeiro


## Unit 5

* Dubai. Retrieved from: http://www.visitdubai.com/\#heritage-and-culture


## Unit 6

* Cesar Millan. Retrieved from: http://www.cesarsway.com/cesar
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* Dictionary of Current English. Oxford: Oxford University Press.


## WORKBOOK

Unit 1

* David Villa. Retrieved from: http://www.davidvilla7.es/biografia/
* Jack Dorsey. Retrieved from: http://www.biography.com/people/jack-dorsey-578280
* Keira Knightley. Retrieved from: https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Keira_Knightley


## Unit 3

* Famous Book Fairs around the World. Retrieved from: http://www.mapsofworld.com/around-theworld/ book-fairs.html


## Unit 4

* Puyehue National Park. Retrieved from: https://www.gochile.cl/en/puyehue-national-park/
* Cartagena de Indias. Retrieved from: http://www.colombia.travel/en/where-to-go/caribe/ cartagena-de-indias


## Unit 5

* Tokyo Metropolitan Government. Retrieved from: http://www.metro.tokyo.jp/ENGLISH/
* Barcelona. Retrieved from: http://www.barcelona-tourist-guide.com/en/attractions/barcelonatourist-
* attractions.html
* Sidney. Retrieved from: http://www.cityofsydney.nsw.gov.au/


## Unit 6

* The Obama Family. Retrieved from: http://www.huffingtonpost.com/news/obama-family/



## MINISTERIO <br> Cl EDUCACIÓN




[^0]:    ADVERTENCIA
    
    
    
    
    
    
     visibilizar la presencia de ambos sexos.

[^1]:    - Choose an art festival of your interest and name it.
    E.g. Music Fest
    - Create a logo to promote your festival and include the name.
    - Draw it on a piece of paper.

[^2]:    - Go to one of the streets in your neighborhood.
    - Pay attention to people's clothes and take pictures.
    - Describe what the people are wearing.
    E.g. She is wearing a blue skirt.

[^3]:    - Find information about what your famous character does in his/her free time.
    - Write sentences about your character's lifestyle.
    - Prepare a set of questions to interview your partner.
    E.g. Will Smith goes to the gym in his free time.
    E.g. Does he/she travel abroad?

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